

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

UV SANDSTONE

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 06/07/2004

Page 1 of 8 Print Date 11/14/2011

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

POLYONE CORPORATION 33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012

Telephone Emergency telephone number	:	Product Stewardship (770) 271-5902 CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).
Product name	:	UV SANDSTONE
Product code	:	CC10054778
Chemical Name	:	Mixture
CAS-No.	:	Mixture
Product Use	:	Industrial Applications

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON REGULATED INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS-No.	Weight %
8-Oxa-3,5-dithia-4-stannatetradecanoic acid, 10-ethyl-4,4-dimethyl-7-oxo-, 2-ethylhexyl ester	57583-35-4	1 - 5
Iron chromite brown spinel (C.I. Pigment Brown 35)	68187-09-7	1 - 5
Rutile, antimony chromium buff	68186-90-3	1 - 5
Stannane, methyltris(2-ethylhexyloxycarbonylmethylth io)-	57583-34-3	1 - 5
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	10 - 30

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. All ingredients are bound and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Routes of Exposure: : Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact

Acute exposure

Inhalation

: Particulates, like other inert materials can be mechanically irritating. Excessive inhalation of product vapors, especially during heating or processing, may be irritating to respiratory system.



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET UV SANDSTONE

Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists medical attention. Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists medical attention. Flash point 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES Flash point : Not applicable Flammable Limits : Not applicable Sower explosion limit : Not applicable Autoignition temperature : Not applicable Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide blanket, water spray, dry powder, foamnone. Special Fire Fighting : Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in posit pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants. Unusual Fire/Explosion : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitroge	ion Number 1.0 sion Date 06/07/2004	Page 2 Print Date 11/14/2
Eyes : Particulates, like other inert materials can be mechanically irritatin Skin : Experience shows no unusual dermatitis hazard from routine hand Chronic exposure : Refer to Section 11 for Toxicological Information. Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: : None known. Aggravated by Exposure: 4. FIRST AID MEASURES Inhalation : Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of fumes from overheating or combustion. When symptoms persist or in all case doubt seek medical advice. Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. When symptom persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice. Eyes : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, fo least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, seek medical attention. Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists medical attention. Skin : Not applicable Flammable Limits Upper explosion limit : Not applicable Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide blanket, water spray, dry powder, foamnone. Special Fire Fighting Procedures : Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in posit pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants. Unusual Fire/Explosion : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitroge (NOX), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. M emit Hydroge	_	
Skin : Experience shows no unusual dermatitis hazard from routine hand Chronic exposure : Refer to Section 11 for Toxicological Information. Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: : None known. Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: : None known. Inhalation : Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of fumes from overheating or combustion. When symptoms persist or in all case doubt seek medical advice. Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. When symptom persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice. Eyes : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, fo least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, seek medical attention. Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists medical attention. Flash point : Not applicable Flaumable Limits : Not applicable Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide blanket, water spray, dry powder, foamnone. Special Fire Fighting Procedures : Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in posit pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants. Unusual Fire/Explosion : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitroge (NOX), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. M emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCI) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions. Personal precautions :	e	•
Chronic exposure : Refer to Section 11 for Toxicological Information. Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: : None known. Aggravated by Exposure: : FIRST AID MEASURES Inhalation : Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of fumes from overheating or combustion. When symptoms persist or in all case doubt seek medical advice. Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. When symptom persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice. Eyes : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, seek medical attention. Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists medical attention. Flash point : Not applicable Flammable Limits : Upper explosion limit sower explosion limit extrable : Fulface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in posit pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants. Unusual Fire/Explosion <td< td=""><td>-</td><td></td></td<>	-	
Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: : None known. Aggravated by Exposure: : FIRST AID MEASURES Inhalation : Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of fumes from overheating or combustion. When symptoms persist or in all case doubt seek medical advice. Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. When symptom persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice. Eyes : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, seek medical attention. Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists medical attention. 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES Flash point : Not applicable Yuotognition temperature : Not applicable Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide blanket, water spray, dry powder, foamnone. Special Fire Fighting Procedures : Fulface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in posit pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants. Unusual Fire/Explosion : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO) under conditions. Hazards : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions. Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as	Skin	: Experience shows no unusual dermatitis hazard from routine handling
Aggravated by Exposure: 4. FIRST AID MEASURES Inhalation : Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of fumes from overheating or combustion. When symptoms persist or in all case doubt seek medical advice. When symptom persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice. Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. When symptom persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice. Eyes : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, seek medical attention. Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists medical attention. Flash point : Not applicable Flash point : Not applicable Suitable extinguishing media : Not applicable Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide blanket, water spray, dry powder, foamnone. Special Fire Fighting : Fulface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in posit pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants. Unusual Fire/Explosion : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitroge (NOx), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. M emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCI) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions. Colspon finit supporpriate personal protect	Chronic exposure	: Refer to Section 11 for Toxicological Information.
Inhalation : Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of fumes from overheating or combustion. When symptoms persist or in all case doubt seek medical advice. Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. When symptom persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice. Eyes : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, fo least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, seek medical attention. Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists medical attention. Skin : Not applicable Flash point : Not applicable Flammable Limits : Not applicable Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide blanket, water spray, dry powder, foamnone. Special Fire Fighting : Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in posit pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants. Unusual Fire/Explosion : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitroge (NOX), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. M emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCI) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions. 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Personal precautions		: None known.
overheating or combustion. When symptoms persist or in all case doubt seek medical advice. Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. When symptom persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice. Eyes : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, seek medical attention. Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists medical attention. Skin : Not applicable Flash point : Not applicable Flash point : Not applicable Suitable extinguishing media : Not applicable Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide blanket, water spray, dry powder, foamnone. Special Fire Fighting : Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in posit pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants. Unusual Fire/Explosion : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitroge (NOx), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. M emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCI) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions. Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as		4. FIRST AID MEASURES
overheating or combustion. When symptoms persist or in all case doubt seek medical advice. Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. When symptom persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice. Eyes : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, seek medical attention. Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists medical attention. Skin : Not applicable Flash point : Not applicable Flash point : Not applicable Suitable extinguishing media : Not applicable Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide blanket, water spray, dry powder, foamnone. Special Fire Fighting : Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in posit pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants. Unusual Fire/Explosion : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitroge (NOx), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. M emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCI) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions. Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as	Inhalation	· Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhelation of fumes from
doubt seek medical advice. Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. When symptom persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice. Eyes : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, fo least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, seek medical attention. Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists medical attention. Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists medical attention. Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists medical attention. Flash point : Not applicable Flash point : Not applicable Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide blanket, water spray, dry powder, foamnone. Special Fire Fighting : Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in posit pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants. Unusual Fire/Explosion : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitroge (NOx), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. M emit Hydrogen Chloride (HC1) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions. Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as	milaration	
Eyes : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, fo Eyes : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, fo Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists medical attention. Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists medical attention. Flash point : Not applicable Flammable Limits Upper explosion limit sower explosion limit Suitable extinguishing media : Not applicable Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide blanket, water spray, dry powder, foamnone. Special Fire Fighting Procedures : Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in posit pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants. Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitroge (NOx), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. M emit Hydrogen Chloride (HC1) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions. Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as		
Eyes : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, fo Eyes : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, fo Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists medical attention. Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists medical attention. Flash point : Not applicable Flammable Limits Upper explosion limit sower explosion limit Suitable extinguishing media : Not applicable Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide blanket, water spray, dry powder, foamnone. Special Fire Fighting Procedures : Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in posit pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants. Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitroge (NOx), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. M emit Hydrogen Chloride (HC1) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions. Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as	Ingestion	: Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. When symptoms
least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, seek medical attention. Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists medical attention. Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists medical attention. 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES Flash point : Not applicable Flammable Limits Upper explosion limit Upper explosion limit : Not applicable Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide blanket, water spray, dry powder, foamnone. Special Fire Fighting : Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in posit procedures Unusual Fire/Explosion : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitroge (NOX), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. M emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCI) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions. Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as	ingestion	
least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, seek medical attention. Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists medical attention. Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists medical attention. 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES Flash point : Not applicable Flammable Limits Upper explosion limit Upper explosion limit : Not applicable Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide blanket, water spray, dry powder, foamnone. Special Fire Fighting : Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in posit procedures Unusual Fire/Explosion : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitroge (NOX), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. M emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCI) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions. Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as	Fves	: Rinse immediately with plenty of water also under the evelids for at
medical attention. Image: Constraint of the second sec		least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, seek medical attention.
medical attention. structure Flash point : Not applicable Flash point : Not applicable Flammable Limits : Not applicable Sower explosion limit : Not applicable Autoignition temperature : Not applicable Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide blanket, water spray, dry powder, foamnone. Special Fire Fighting : Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in posit pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants. Unusual Fire/Explosion : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitroge (NOx), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. M emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCI) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions. Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as	Skin	: Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists see
Flash point : Not applicable Flammable Limits		
Flammable Limits Upper explosion limit : Not applicable Sower explosion limit : Not applicable Autoignition temperature : Not applicable Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide blanket, water spray, dry powder, foamnone. Special Fire Fighting : Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in posit pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants. Unusual Fire/Explosion : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitroge (NOx), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. M emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions. Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as		5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES
Upper explosion limit sower explosion limit:Not applicableAutoignition temperature Suitable extinguishing media:Not applicableSpecial Fire Fighting Procedures:Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in posit pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants.Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards:Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitroger (NOx), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. M emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions.Personal precautions:Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as	Flash point	: Not applicable
sower explosion limit Autoignition temperature Suitable extinguishing media: Not applicable : Not applicableSpecial Fire Fighting Procedures: Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in posit pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants.Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards: Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitroger (NOx), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. M emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions.Personal precautions: Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as	Flammable Limits	
Autoignition temperature Suitable extinguishing media: Not applicable : Carbon dioxide blanket, water spray, dry powder, foamnone.Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in posit pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants.Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards: Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitroger (NOx), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. M emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions.Personal precautions: Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as		
Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide blanket, water spray, dry powder, foamnone. Special Fire Fighting : Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in posit pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants. Unusual Fire/Explosion : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitroger (NOx), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. M emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions. Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as		
Special Fire Fighting Procedures : Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in posit pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants. Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitroge (NOx), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. M emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions. 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as	e 1	
Procedures pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants. Unusual Fire/Explosion : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitroger (NOx), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. M emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions. 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as	Suitable extinguishing media	: Carbon dioxide blanket, water spray, dry powder, foamnone.
Procedures pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants. Unusual Fire/Explosion : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitroger (NOx), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. M emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions. 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as	Special Fire Fighting	: Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in positive
Unusual Fire/Explosion : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitroger (NOx), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. M emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions. 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as		
Hazards (NOx), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. M emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions. 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as		
emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under conditions. 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as	Unusual Fire/Explosion	: Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen
conditions. 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as	Hazards	(NOx), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. May
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as		
Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as		conditions.
		6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
	Personal precautions	: Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as
	r	
•	Environmental precautions	: Should not be released into the environment. The product should not
be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.		be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET UV SANDSTONE

OV GANDOI ONL		
Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 06/07/2004		Page 3 of 8 Print Date 11/14/2011
Methods for cleaning up	pla	ean up promptly by sweeping or vacuum. Package all material in stic, cardboard or metal containers for disposal. Refer to Section 13 this MSDS for proper disposal methods.
	7. H	IANDLING AND STORAGE
Handling		ke measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Heat y in areas with appropriate exhaust ventilation.
Storage		ep containers dry and tightly closed to avoid moisture absorption l contamination. Keep in a dry, cool place.
8. EXI	POSURE C	CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION
Respiratory protection	: No	personal respiratory protective equipment normally required.
Eye/Face Protection	: Sat	ety glasses with side-shields.
Hand protection	: Pro	tective gloves.
Skin and body protection	: Lo	ng sleeved clothing.
Additional Protective Measures	: Sat	ety shoes.
General Hygiene Considerations		ndle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Ish hands before breaks and at the end of workday.
Engineering measures		at only in areas with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Provide propriate exhaust ventilation at machinery.
Exposure limit(s)		



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET **UV SANDSTONE**

Version Number 1.0

Revision Date 06/07/2004

Page 4 of 8 Print Date 11/14/2011

Components	Value	Exposure time	Exposure type	List:
8-Oxa-3,5-dithia-4-sta nnatetradecanoic acid, 10-ethyl-4,4-dimethyl- 7-oxo-, 2-ethylhexyl ester	0.1 mg/m3	PEL:	as Sn	OSHA Z1
	0.1 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	as Sn	ACGIH
	0.2 mg/m3	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	as Sn	ACGIH
Iron chromite brown spinel (C.I. Pigment Brown 35)	0.5 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	as Cr	ACGIH
Rutile, antimony chromium buff	1 mg/m3	PEL:		OSHA Z1
	0.5 mg/m3	PEL:	as Sb	OSHA Z1
	0.5 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	as Cr	ACGIH
	0.5 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	as Sb	ACGIH
Stannane, methyltris(2-ethylhexy loxycarbonylmethylthi o)-	0.1 mg/m3	PEL:	as Sn	OSHA Z1
	0.1 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	as Sn	ACGIH
	0.2 mg/m3	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	as Sn	ACGIH
Titanium dioxide	10 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		ACGIH
	15 mg/m3	PEL:	Total dust.	OSHA Z1

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- Form Appearance Color Odor Melting point/range Boiling Point: Water solubility
- : Solid : Pellets BROWN : Very faint : Not determined : Not applicable : : Insoluble

Will not occur.

- Evaporation rate Specific Gravity: Bulk density Vapor pressure Vapour density pН
- Not applicable : :
 - Not determined
- Not established : :
 - Not applicable Not applicable
- : Not applicable :
- **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**
- Stability
- : Stable.

:

- Hazardous Polymerization Conditions to avoid
 - Keep away from oxidizing agents and open flame. To avoid thermal : decomposition, do not overheat.



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET UV SANDSTONE

Version Number 1.0 Page 5 of 8 Revision Date 06/07/2004 Print Date 11/14/2011 **Incompatible Materials** : Avoid contact with strong oxidizers. Also, avoid contact with acetal or acetal copolymers and with amine containing materials during processing. At processing conditions, these materials are mutually destructive and involve rapid degradation. Thoroughly purge and mechanically clean processing equipment to avoid even trace quantities of these materials from coming in contact with each other. Prevent cross contamination of feedstocks. Hazardous decomposition Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen : products (NOx), hydrogen chloride (HCl), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. Prolonged heating (approximately 30 minutes or more) above 392 °F (200 °C) or short term heating at 482 °F (250 °C) may result in product decomposition and evolution of carbon monoxide and hydrogen chloride. **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Toxicity Overview

This product contains the following components which in their pure form have the following characteristics:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Effect	Target Organ
57583-35-4	8-Oxa-3,5-dithia-4-stannat	Irritant	Eyes, Skin.
	etradecanoic acid,		
	10-ethyl-4,4-dimethyl-7-o		
	xo-, 2-ethylhexyl ester		
68187-09-7	Iron chromite brown spinel	Irritant	Eyes, Skin.
	(C.I. Pigment Brown 35)		
68186-90-3	Rutile, antimony	Irritant	Eyes, Skin, Respiratory system.
	chromium buff		
57583-34-3	Stannane,	Irritant	Eyes, Skin.
	methyltris(2-ethylhexylox		
	ycarbonylmethylthio)-		
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	Systemic effects	Respiratory system.

LC50 / LD50

This product contains the following components which, in their pure form, have the following toxicity data:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Route	Value	Species
57583-34-3	Stannane, methyltris(2-ethylhexylox ycarbonylmethylthio)-	Oral LD50	920 mg/kg	rat

Additional Health Hazard Information:



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

UV SANDSTONE

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 06/07/2004 Page 6 of 8 Print Date 11/14/2011

Iron chromite brown spinel (C.I. Pigment Brown 35) 68187-09-7 The bi and trivalent forms of chrome have a low order of acute toxicity but may cause skin sensitization and irritation to the eyes. No effects have been reported for chromium (III) oxide. Chromium (III) componds are not considered carcinogenic in animals or humans.

Additional Health Hazard Information:

Rutile, antimony chromium buff 68186-90-3 Can cause eye irritation. Can cause skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness and burning of skin, and other skin damage. Additional symptoms of skin contact may include: antimony measles (a red, pimply rash).

	12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
Persistence and degradability	: Not readily biodegradable.
Environmental Toxicity	: Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the matrix of the polymer.
Bioaccumulation Potential	: Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the matrix of the polymer.
Additional advice	: No data available
	13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
Product	: Like most thermoplastic plastics the product can be recycled. Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. The generator of waste material has the responsibility for proper waste classification, transportation and disposal in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial and local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	: Recycling is preferred when possible. The generator of waste material has the responsibility for proper waste classification, transportation and disposal in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial and local regulations.
	14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION
U.S. DOT Classification	: Not regulated for transportation.
ICAO/IATA (air)	: Refer to specific regulation.
IMO / IMDG (maritime)	: Refer to specific regulation.
	15. REGULATORY INFORMATION
US Regulations:	
OSHA Status	: Classified as hazardous based on components.



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET UV SANDSTONE

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 06/07/2004

Page 7 of 8 Print Date 11/14/2011

TSCA Status : All components of this product are listed on or exempt from the TSCA Inventory.

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

Not applicable

California Proposition 65

: WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

SARA Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

Not applicable

SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight %
CHROMIUM III COMPOUNDS	68187-09-7	1.65
CHROMIUM III COMPOUNDS	1308-38-9	0.03
CHROMIUM III COMPOUNDSANTIMONY	68186-90-3	2.60
COMPOUNDS		

Canadian Regulations:

National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight %	NPRI ID#
Iron chromite brown spinel (C.I. Pigment Brown 35)	68187-09-7	1.65	68
Rutile, antimony chromium buff	68186-90-3	2.60	68
Rutile, antimony chromium buff	68186-90-3	2.60	17

WHMIS Classification : D2B

WHMIS Ingredient Disclosure List

CAS-No.
57583-35-4
68187-09-7
68186-90-3
57583-34-3

:

DSL

All components of this product are on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are exempt.

National Inventories:



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET UV SANDSTONE

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 06/07/2004 Page 8 of 8 Print Date 11/14/2011

Australia AICS	: Not determined
China IECS	: Not determined
Europe EINECS	: Not determined
Japan ENCS	: Not determined
Korea KECI	: Not determined
Philippines PICCS	: Not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material when used in combination with any other materials and/or in any particular process or processing conditions.