

**POLYONE CORPORATION****MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET****030OR2004 ORANGE PVC CC**

Version Number 1.1

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**1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION****POLYONE CORPORATION****33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012**

Telephone : 1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (866) POLYONE  
Emergency telephone : **CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure number or accident).**  
Product name : 030OR2004 ORANGE PVC CC  
Product code : CC10087446  
Chemical Name : Mixture  
CAS-No. : Mixture  
Product Use : Industrial Applications

**2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Components	CAS-No.	Weight percent
Iron oxide	1309-37-1	1 - 5
Calcium carbonate	1317-65-3	10 - 30
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	10 - 30

**3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION****EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. All ingredients are bound and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. Do not use this pigment in polymers at temperatures over 200°C (392°F). Decomposition of diarylide pigments in polymers at temperatures over 200°C (392°F) may produce trace amounts of monoazo dyes, which in turn can decompose to produce aromatic amines. The amount and type of degradation products formed depend on the dwell time, formulation and processing conditions as well as temperature. As conditions become more severe, as when temperatures move into the 240-300°C (464-572°F) range, trace quantities of 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine can be generated. 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine is classified as a suspect carcinogen by NTP and IARC, is classified as Acute Toxicity category 4 and Carcinogen Category 1B according to 1272/2008EC (CLP), and is regulated by OSHA as a suspect carcinogen. In order to avoid the generation of and exposure to 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine, do not use diarylide pigments in polymers when temperatures exceed 200°C (392°F). Handle with care. Organic dusts have the potential to be explosive with static spark or flame initiation.

**POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS**

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**Routes of Exposure:** : Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact

**Acute exposure**

- Inhalation : Particulates, like other inert materials can be mechanically irritating. Excessive inhalation of product vapors, especially during heating or processing, may be irritating to respiratory system.
- Ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed.
- Eyes : Particulates, like other inert materials can be mechanically irritating.
- Skin : Experience shows no unusual dermatitis hazard from routine handling.

**Chronic exposure** : Refer to Section 11 for Toxicological Information.

**Medical Conditions** : None known.

**Aggravated by Exposure:**

**4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

- Inhalation : Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of fumes from overheating or combustion. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
- Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
- Eyes : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, seek medical attention.
- Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists seek medical attention.

**5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

- Flash point : not applicable
- Flammable Limits
  - Upper explosion limit : not applicable
  - Lower explosion limit : not applicable
- Auto-ignition temperature : not applicable
- Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide blanket, Water spray, Dry powder, Foam.
- Special Fire Fighting Procedures : Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in positive pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants.
- Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards : Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NO<sub>x</sub>), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under fire conditions.

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**6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

- Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as impervious gloves, boots and coveralls.
- Environmental precautions : Should not be released into the environment. The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
- Methods for cleaning up : Clean up promptly by sweeping or vacuum. Package all material in plastic, cardboard or metal containers for disposal.

**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

- Handling : Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Heat only in areas with appropriate exhaust ventilation.
- Storage : Keep containers dry and tightly closed to avoid moisture absorption and contamination. Keep in a dry, cool place.

**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

- Respiratory protection : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required.
- Eye/Face Protection : Safety glasses with side-shields
- Hand protection : Protective gloves
- Skin and body protection : Long sleeved clothing
- Additional Protective Measures : Safety shoes
- General Hygiene Considerations : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.
- Engineering measures : Heat only in areas with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at machinery.

Exposure limit(s)

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Components	Value	Exposure time	Exposure type	List:
Calcium carbonate	5 mg/m3	PEL:	Respirable fraction.	OSHA Z1
	15 mg/m3	PEL:	Total dust.	OSHA Z1
	10 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		MX OEL
	20 mg/m3	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		MX OEL
Iron oxide	10 mg/m3	PEL:	Fume.	OSHA Z1
	5 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	as Fe	MX OEL
	10 mg/m3	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	as Fe	MX OEL
	5 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Respirable fraction.	ACGIH
Titanium dioxide	10 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		ACGIH
	15 mg/m3	PEL:	Total dust.	OSHA Z1
	10 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Total dust.	OSHA Z1A
	10 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	as Ti	MX OEL
	20 mg/m3	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	as Ti	MX OEL

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Form	: solid	Evaporation rate	: Not applicable
Appearance	: pellets	Specific Gravity	: Not determined
Colour	: ORANGE	Bulk density	: Not established
Odour	: very faint	Vapour pressure	: not applicable
Melting point/range	: Not determined	Vapour density	: not applicable
Boiling Point:	: not applicable	pH	: not applicable
Water solubility	: insoluble		

**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Stability	: The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed.
Hazardous Polymerization	: Will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Keep away from oxidizing agents and open flame. To avoid thermal decomposition, do not overheat.
Incompatible Materials	: Avoid contact with strong oxidizers. Also, avoid contact with acetal or acetal copolymers and with amine containing materials during processing. At processing conditions, these materials are mutually destructive and involve rapid degradation. Thoroughly purge and mechanically clean processing equipment to avoid even trace quantities of these materials from coming in contact with each other.

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Prevent cross contamination of feedstocks.

Hazardous decomposition products : Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NO<sub>x</sub>), hydrogen chloride (HCl), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. Prolonged heating (approximately 30 minutes or more) above 392 °F (200 °C) or short term heating at 482 °F (250 °C) may result in product decomposition and evolution of carbon monoxide and hydrogen chloride. Do not use this pigment in polymers at temperatures over 200°C (392°F). Decomposition of diarylide pigments in polymers at temperatures over 200°C (392°F) may produce trace amounts of monoazo dyes, which in turn can decompose to produce aromatic amines. The amount and type of degradation products formed depend on the dwell time, formulation and processing conditions as well as temperature. As conditions become more severe, as when temperatures move into the 240-300°C (464-572°F) range, trace quantities of 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine can be generated. 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine is classified as a suspect carcinogen by NTP and IARC, is classified as Acute Toxicity category 4 and Carcinogen Category 1B according to 1272/2008EC (CLP), and is regulated by OSHA as a suspect carcinogen. In order to avoid the generation of and exposure to 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine, do not use diarylide pigments in polymers when temperatures exceed 200°C (392°F). Handle with care. Organic dusts have the potential to be explosive with static spark or flame initiation.

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Toxicity Overview

This product contains the following components which in their pure form have the following characteristics:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Effect	Target Organ
1309-37-1	Iron oxide	Systemic effects	Respiratory system.
1317-65-3	Calcium carbonate	Irritant	Eyes, Skin.
		Systemic effects	Eyes, Skin, Respiratory system.
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	Systemic effects	Respiratory system.

Carcinogenicity

This product contains the following components which, in their pure form, have the following carcinogenicity data:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	no	2B	no

IARC Carcinogen Classifications:

- 1 - The component is carcinogenic to humans.
- 2A - The component is probably carcinogenic to humans.



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2B - The component is possibly carcinogenic to humans.

NTP Carcinogen Classifications:

- 1 - The component is known to be a human carcinogen.
- 2 - The component is reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

- Persistence and degradability : Not readily biodegradable.
- Environmental Toxicity : Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the polymer matrix.
- Bioaccumulation Potential : Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the polymer matrix.
- Additional advice : no data available

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

- Product : Like most thermoplastic plastics the product can be recycled. Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. The generator of waste material has the responsibility for proper waste classification, transportation and disposal in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial and local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging : Recycling is preferred when possible. The generator of waste material has the responsibility for proper waste classification, transportation and disposal in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial and local regulations.

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

- U.S. DOT Classification : Not regulated for transportation.
- ICAO/IATA : Refer to specific regulation.
- IMO/IMDG (maritime) : Refer to specific regulation.

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

US Regulations:

- OSHA Status : Classified as hazardous based on components.
- TSCA Status : All components of this product are listed on or exempt from the TSCA Inventory.

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

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not applicable

California Proposition : Not applicable  
65

SARA Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

Unless specific chemicals are identified under this section, this product is Not Applicable under this regulation

SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Unless specific chemicals are identified under this section, this product is Not Applicable under this regulation

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight percent
BARIUM COMPOUNDS [EXCEPT BASO4]BARIUM COMPOUNDS [EXCEPT BASO4]	7585-41-3	5.00 - 10.00

Canadian Regulations:

National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight percent	NPRI ID#
Aluminum oxide	1344-28-1	0.10 - 1.00	
Zinc stearate	557-05-1	0.10 - 1.00	

WHMIS Classification : D2A

WHMIS Ingredient Disclosure List

CAS-No.
1309-37-1

DSL : All components of this product are on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are exempt.

National Inventories:

Australia AICS : Listed

China IECS : Listed

Europe EINECS : Listed



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Japan ENCS : Not determined

Korea KECI : Listed

Philippines PICCS : Listed

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.