### 312N MED TITANIUM 2000

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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### 312N MED TITANIUM 2000

Section 1. Identification	on	
GHS product identifier Chemical name CAS number Other means of identification Product type	:	312N MED TITANIUM 2000 Mixture Mixture CC10158101 solid
Relevant identified uses of the subs Product use	stance :	e or mixture and uses advised against Industrial applications. Plastics.
Supplier's details	:	POLYONE CORPORATION 33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012 1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (866) POLYONE
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

# Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. All ingredients are bound and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status
 While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product. This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### GHS label elements

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Signal word	:	No signal word.
Hazard statements	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	Not applicable.
Response	:	Not applicable.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	:	None known.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known.

#### None known. :

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	CC10158101

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Titanium dioxide	25 - 50	13463-67-7
2-Propenenitrile, polymer with Ethenylbenzene	25 - 50	9003-54-7
Carbon black	1 - 3	1333-86-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

**Description of necessary first aid measures** 



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Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**



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Eye contact	:	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	No specific data.
Ingestion	:	No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	:	In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or $CO_2$ .In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or $CO_2$ .
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	No specific fire or explosion hazard.No specific fire or explosion hazard. Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxidesDecomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides



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Special protective actions for fire- fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any
0	personal risk or without suitable training.Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel For emergency responders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for containme	ent a	nd cleaning up
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.Move
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containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate container to avoid environmental containing for use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

**Ingredient name** 

**Exposure limits** 

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2-Propenenitrile, polymer with Ethenylbenzene	
Titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18) TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 10 mg/m3
Carbon black	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 3.5 mg/m3OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 3.5 mg/m3NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)Time Weighted Average (TWA) 3.5 mg/m3Time Weighted Average (TWA)ACGIH TLV (2010-12-06)TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:Permissible Exposure Level 3 mg/m3Form: Inhalable fraction
Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	<ul> <li>Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.</li> <li>Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislations to acceptable levels. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislations to acceptable levels. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, future scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.</li> </ul>
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end



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Eye/face protection	<ul> <li>of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.</li> <li><b>:</b> Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection: safety glasses with side-shields. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection: safety glasses with side-shields. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection: safety glasses with side-shields. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be used to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.</li> </ul>
Skin protection	protection: safety glasses with side-sinelds.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that th time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>

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approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Physical state	:	solid [Pellets.]
Color	:	GREY
Odor	:	Faint odor.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not available.
(flammable) limits		Upper: Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient: n-	:	Not available.
octanol/water		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Dynamic: Not available.
		Kinematic: Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

:

Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or



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Chemical stability	:	its ingredients. Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see
		Section 7). Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from strong acids. Oxidizer.Keep away from strong acids. Oxidizer.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

#### **Information on toxicological effects**

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure		
Carbon black						
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15,400 mg/kg	-		
Titanium dioxide			·	·		
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-		
2-Propenenitrile, polymer with Ethenylbenzene						
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1,800 mg/kg	-		
Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.						

Conclusion/Summary

Mixture.Not fully tested.

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild	Human		72 hrs	-
	irritant				
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: M	ixture.Not full	y tested.		
Eyes	: M	ixture.Not full	y tested.		
Respiratory	: M	ixture.Not full	y tested.		



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Sensitization				
Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory			Mixture.Not fully Mixture.Not fully	
<b>Mutagenicity</b>				
Conclusion/Summary	:	1	Mixture.Not fully	tested.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>				
Conclusion/Summary Classification	:	1	Mixture.Not fully	tested.
Product/ingredient	OSHA		IARC	NTP
name				
Carbon black			2B	
Titanium dioxide			2B	
2-Propenenitrile, polymer with Ethenylbenzene			3	
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>				
Conclusion/Summary	:	1	Mixture.Not fully	tested.
<u>Teratogenicity</u>				
Conclusion/Summary	:	1	Mixture.Not fully	tested.
Specific target organ toxicity Not available.	v (single e	<u>xpos</u>	<u>ure)</u>	
Specific target organ toxicity Not available.	<u> (repeate</u>	d ex	posure)	
Aspiration hazard Not available.				
Information on the likely rou exposure	tes of	1	Not available.	
Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	:		effects or critical l	ant effects or critical hazards. No known significant nazards.
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Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects
Skin contact	:	may be delayed following exposure. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the physical,	chemi	cal and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	No specific data.
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effects and	d also c	chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available. Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effects		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. Contains material that can cause target organ damage.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. Contains material which may cause cancer, based on animal data. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant
Fertility effects	:	effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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Numerical measures of toxicity

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#### Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity** 

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
Carbon black				
	Acute EC50 37.563 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h	
	Acute LC50 61.547 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h	
Fitanium dioxide	•	•		
	Acute LC50 > 1,000,000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fish	96 h	
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h	
	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h	
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h	
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h	
	Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h	
	Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h	
	Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h	
	Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h	
	Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h	
	Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h	
	Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h	
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Remarks - Acute - Aquatic		s they are bound within the	e polymer matrix.	



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invertebrates.:		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the polymer matrix.
Persistence and degradability		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the polymer matrix.
Conclusion/Summary	:	Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the polymer matrix.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Other adverse effects

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
Titanium dioxide		352.00	low	
<u>Mobility in soil</u>				
Soil/water partition coefficie (KOC)	nt : Not	available.		

:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant
	effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer	Disposal methods	this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal
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unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

# **Section 14. Transport information**

U.S. DOT Classification	:	Not regulated for transportation.
ICAO/IATA	:	Not classified as dangerous good under transport regulations.
IMO/IMDG (maritime)	:	Not classified as dangerous good under transport regulations.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	:	United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None
		of the components are listed.
		United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not
		listed
		United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules:
		Not listed
		United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not
		determined
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report
		(PAIR): Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR):
		Not listed

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United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed Acrylonitrile

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -Hazardous substances: Listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)	:	Not listed
Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	:	Not listed
Substances		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor	:	Not listed
Chemicals)		Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	•	Not fisted

#### US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

#### SARA 311/312

Classification

Not applicable.

:

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Carbon black	1 - 3	СН
2-Propenenitrile, polymer with	25 - 50	AH
Ethenylbenzene		

#### <u>SARA 313</u>

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting	Rutile, antimony chromium	68186-90-3	5 - 10
requirements	buff		
Supplier notification	Rutile, antimony chromium	68186-90-3	5 - 10
	buff		

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SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations		
Massachusetts	:	The following components are listed: Titanium dioxide Iron oxide Silica, amorphous Carbon black
New York	:	None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	:	The following components are listed: Carbon black Iron oxide Titanium dioxide 2-Propenenitrile, polymer with Ethenylbenzene
Pennsylvania	:	The following components are listed: Carbon black
		Silica, amorphous
		Iron oxide
		Titanium dioxide
<u>California Prop. 65</u> WARNING: This product contains a cl	nemio	cal known to the State of California to cause cancer.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.
International regulations		
International lists	:	<ul> <li>Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.</li> <li>Taiwan inventory (CSNN): All components are listed or exempted.</li> <li>Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.</li> <li>EINECS: All components are listed or exempted.</li> <li>Japan inventory: Not determined.</li> <li>China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.</li> <li>Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.</li> <li>New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.</li> <li>Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.</li> </ul>
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Chemical Weapons Convention	:	Not listed
List Schedule I Chemicals Chemical Weapons Convention	:	Not listed
List Schedule II Chemicals Chemical Weapons Convention	:	Not listed
List Schedule III Chemicals		

# Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>		
Date of printing	:	11/08/2016
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	10/20/2016
Date of previous issue	:	11/19/2012
Version	:	1.2
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available.

#### Notice to reader

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