BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 02/28/2019

Page 1 of 15 Print Date 03/01/2019

SAFETY DATA SHEET

BABY BLUE

Section 1. Identification	n	
GHS product identifier	:	BABY BLUE
Chemical name	:	Mixture
CAS number	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	CC10286765
Product type	:	solid
Relevant identified uses of the subs	tance	or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	:	Industrial applications. Plastics.
Supplier's details	:	Mesa Industries 230 N 48th Avenue Phoenix, AZ 85043
		(602) 269-3199
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. All ingredients are bound and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status	:	While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	Not classified.

GHS label elements

BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 02/28/2019

Page 2 of 15

Print Date 03/01/2019

Signal word	:	No signal word.
Hazard statements	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Precautionary statements		
<u>rrecutionary statements</u>		
General	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	Not applicable.
Response	:	Not applicable.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	:	None known.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	CC10286765

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Titanium dioxide	25 - 50	13463-67-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses.
	Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable



BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 02/28/2019	Page 3 of 15 Print Date 03/01/2019
Skin contact : Ingestion :	clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute	e and delayed
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion <u>Over-exposure signs/symptoms</u>	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	No specific data. No specific data.
Indication of immediate medical attent	tion and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician : Specific treatments :	immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Protection of first-aiders :	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Sectorized an information (Section	11)

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or $\rm CO_2$. None known.
Specific hazards arising from the	:	No specific fire or explosion hazard.
		0/45

BABY BLUE



Version Number 1.1	Page 4 of 15
Revision Date 02/28/2019	Print Date 03/01/2019
chemical Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire- fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel For emergency responders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for containme	nt ai	nd cleaning up
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

BABY BLUE



Version Number 1.1	Page 5 of 15
Revision Date 02/28/2019	Print Date 03/01/2019
Desta d'as anno 1	Dut an annuariate managed material and atime and (and Casting 9)
	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Auvice on general occupational	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this
hygiene	material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated
	clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See

also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

1 7	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
-----	---	---	--

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
Titanium dioxide		OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18) TWA 10 mg/m3
Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end





Version Number 1.1	Page 6 of 15
Revision Date 02/28/2019	Print Date 03/01/2019

Eye/face protection	:	of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	:	solid [Pellets.]
Color	:	BLUE
Odor	:	Faint odor.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not available.
(flammable) limits		Upper: Not available.

BABY BLUE

Version Numbe	er 1.1
Revision Date	02/28/2019



Page 7 of 15
Print Date 03/01/2019

Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Dynamic: Not available. Kinematic: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from strong acids. Oxidizer.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Titanium dioxide				
Remarks - Oral:	No applicable toxic	city data		
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixtu	re.Not fully tested.		

7/15

BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 02/28/2019



Page 8 of 15 Print Date 03/01/2019

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human		72 hrs	-
Conclusion/Summary Skin Eyes Respiratory	 Mixture.Not fully tested. Mixture.Not fully tested. Mixture.Not fully tested. 				
Sensitization					
Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory	Mixture.Not fully tested.Mixture.Not fully tested.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: N	lixture.Not ful	ly tested.		
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary Classification	: N	lixture.Not ful	ly tested.		
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP		
Titanium dioxide		2B			
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.					
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.					
Specific target organ toxicity Not available.	ty (single exposu	<u>re)</u>			
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Not available.					
Aspiration hazard Not available.					
		9/15			

BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 02/28/2019 Page 9 of 15

Print Date 03/01/2019

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the physical, c	hemio	cal and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	No specific data.
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effects as w	ell as	chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effects		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Numerical measures of toxicity		
Acute toxicity estimates		

BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 02/28/2019 Page 10 of 15 Print Date 03/01/2019

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
Titanium dioxide				
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l Marine water	Fish - Fish	96 h	
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	Acute		1	
	Acute LC50 3 Mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h	
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic invertebrates.:	Acute			
	Acute LC50 6.5 Mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h	
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic invertebrates.:	Acute			
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic plants:	No applicable toxicity data			
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data			
Remarks - Chronic -	No applicable toxicity data			
Aquatic invertebrates.: BABY BLUE				
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic invertebrates.:	Chemicals are not readily available a	as they are bound within the	e polymer matrix.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the polymer matrix.			
Persistence and degradability	<u>v</u>			
Conclusion/Summary	: Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the polymer matrix.			
Conclusion/Summary	: Chemicals are not readi polymer matrix.	ly available as they are bou	and within the	

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.



BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 02/28/2019

Page 11 of 15

Print Date 03/01/2019

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient:Not available.(KOC):No known significant effects or critical hazards.

:

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water	:	Not regulated for transportation.
International Air ICAO/IATA	:	Not classified as dangerous goods under transport regulations.
International Water IMO/IMDG	:	Not classified as dangerous goods under transport regulations.

Section 15. Regulatory information

:

- **U.S. Federal regulations**
- United States TSCA 12(b) Chemical export notification: None

BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 02/28/2019



Page 12 of 15 Print Date 03/01/2019

of the components are listed. United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Not listed United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed Phthalocyanine green Zinc stearate **Phthalocyanine Blue** United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -Hazardous substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed Not listed Not listed Not listed Not listed Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)	:	N
Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	:	Ν
Substances		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II	:	Ν
Substances		
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor	:	Ν
Chemicals)		
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential	:	Ν
Chemicals)		

BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 02/28/2019

Page 13 of 15 Print Date 03/01/2019

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

SARA 311/312

Classification

Not applicable.

:

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

Name	%	Classification
Titanium dioxide	>= 25 - <= 50	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

SARA 313

Not applicable.

State regulations	
Massachusetts	: None of the components are listed.
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: Titanium dioxide
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: Titanium dioxide

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to Titanium dioxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Titanium dioxide	No.	No.

		10/1-
Canada	:	Not determined.
Australia	:	Not determined.
<u>Inventory list</u>		
International regulations		
Canada inventory	:	Not determined.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are listed or exempted.

13/15



BABY BLUE

ESA
JSTRIES

Version Number 1.1	
Revision Date 02/28/2019	Pr

Page 14 of 15 Print Date 03/01/2019

 Not determined.
Not determined.All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	/	0
Flammability		0
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

Date of printing	:	03/01/2019
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	02/28/2019
Date of previous issue	:	10/10/2018
Version	:	1.1
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
U		BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
		GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of
		Chemicals
		IATA = International Air Transport Association
		IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
		IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
		LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
		MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From
		Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine
		pollution)
		UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available.
		14/15

BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 02/28/2019



Page 15 of 15 Print Date 03/01/2019

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.