ACETAL CAMPER BLUE 296C

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 05/07/2019 Page 1 of 16 Print Date 05/09/2019

SAFETY DATA SHEET

ACETAL CAMPER BLUE 296C

Section 1. Identification	on	
GHS product identifier	:	ACETAL CAMPER BLUE 296C
Chemical name	:	Mixture
CAS number	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	CC10303933
Product type	:	solid
<u>Relevant identified uses of the subs</u> Product use	stance :	e or mixture and uses advised against Industrial applications. Plastics.
Supplier's details	:	POLYONE CORPORATION
		33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012
		1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (866) POLYONE
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. All ingredients are bound and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status	:	While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	Not classified.
GHS label elements		
Signal word	:	No signal word.
		1/16

ACETAL CAMPER BLUE 296C

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 05/07/2019 Page 2 of 16 Print Date 05/09/2019

Hazard statements

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Precautionary statements

General	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	Not applicable.
Response	:	Not applicable.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	:	None known.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

:

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	CC10303933

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Carbon black	0.3 - 1	1333-86-4
Titanium dioxide	0 - 0.3	13463-67-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses.



ACETAL CAMPER BLUE 296C

Version Number 1.1	Page 3 of 16
Revision Date 05/07/2019	Print Date 05/09/2019

Inhalation	:	Get medical attention if irritation occurs. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The support a present may need to be least under medical
		delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	::	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Eye contact	:	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	No specific data.
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Indication of immediate medical atte	entio	n and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

P<u>olyOne</u>

ACETAL CAMPER BLUE 296C

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 05/07/2019

Page 4 of 16 Print Date 05/09/2019

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO_2 . None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	If overheated or burnt, the polymer releases formaldehyde. Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel For emergency responders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for containme	ent a	nd cleaning up
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material
		4/16

Ine.

ACETAL CAMPER BLUE 296C

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 05/07/2019 Page 5 of 16 Print Date 05/09/2019

and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

SHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) WA 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust SHA PEL (1993-06-30)
WA 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust CGIH TLV (1996-05-18) WA 10 mg/m3
SHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) WA 3.5 mg/m3 SHA PEL (1993-06-30) WA 3.5 mg/m3 IOSH REL (1994-06-01)



ACETAL CAMPER BLUE 296C

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 05/07/2019

Page 6 of 16 Print Date 05/09/2019

		TWA 3.5 mg/m3 TWA 0.1 mgPAH/m ³ ACGIH TLV (2010-12-06) TWA 3 mg/m3 Form: Inhalable fraction				
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.				
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubber filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will b necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.				
Individual protection measures						
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.				
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.				
Skin protection						
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.				
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.				
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.				
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.				

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>PolyOne</u>

ACETAL CAMPER BLUE 296C

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 05/07/2019 Page 7 of 16 Print Date 05/09/2019

Appearance

Physical state	:	solid [Pellets.]
Color	:	BLUE
Odor	:	Faint odor.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not available.
(flammable) limits		Upper: Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Dynamic: Not available.
-		Kinematic: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or
Chemical stability	:	its ingredients. Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Maintain polymer temperature below 230°C (446°F). Avoid prolonged exposure at or above recommended processing temperature.
Incompatible materials	:	Incompatible with strong oxidizers and with strong acids and bases (decomposes to form formaldehyde). At melt temperatures, acetal resins are incompatible with halogenated polymers such as vinyl (PVC) and any elastomers containing any halogenated polymers. At
		7/40

<u>vOne</u>

ACETAL CAMPER BLUE 296C

Version Number 1.1	Page 8 of 16
Revision Date 05/07/2019	Print Date 05/09/2019

		processing conditions, these materials are mutually destructive and involve rapid degradation. Even small amounts of such contaminants can cause sudden and spontaneous formaldehyde gas formation. Workplace fume well above threshold levels are a likely result. Unsafe pressurization of equipment such as extruder or mold can also result. Thoroughly purge and mechanically clean processing equipment to avoid even trace quantities of halogenated materials from coming in contact with the acetal. Prevent contamination of virgin or rework resin.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
Titanium dioxide					
Remarks - Oral:	No applicable toxi	city data			
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-	
Carbon black					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15,400 mg/kg	-	
Remarks - Inhalation:	No applicable toxi	city data			
Remarks - Dermal:	No applicable toxicity data				
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixture.Not fully tested.				

Conclusion/Summary

Mixture.Not fully tested.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human		72 hrs	-
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: M	lixture.Not full	y tested.		
Eyes	: M	lixture.Not full	y tested.		
Respiratory	: M	lixture.Not full	y tested.		

Sensitization



ACETAL CAMPER BLUE 296C

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 05/07/2019 Page 9 of 16 Print Date 05/09/2019

Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory	Mixture.Not fully tested.Mixture.Not fully tested.		
Mutagenicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: M	ixture.Not fully	tested.
Carcinogenicity			
Conclusion/Summary <u>Classification</u>	: M	ixture.Not fully	tested.
Product/ingredient	OSHA	IARC	NTP
name			
Titanium dioxide		2B	
Carbon black		2B]
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>		intuno Not fuller	tostod
Conclusion/Summary	: M	ixture.Not fully	lested.
Teratogenicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: M	ixture.Not fully	tested.
Specific target organ toxicity Not available.	<u>/ (single exposu</u>	<u>re)</u>	
<u>Specific target organ toxicity</u> Not available.	v (repeated expo	<u>osure)</u>	
Aspiration hazard Not available.			
Information on likely routes exposure	of : No	ot available.	
Potential acute health effects			
Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	: No	o known signific o known signific	ant effects or critical hazards. ant effects or critical hazards. ant effects or critical hazards. ant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

P<u>olyOne</u>

ACETAL CAMPER BLUE 296C

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 05/07/2019 Page 10 of 16 Print Date 05/09/2019

Eye contact	: No specific data	•
Inhalation	: No specific data	•
Skin contact	: No specific data	•
Ingestion	: No specific data	

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available. Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available. Not available.
Potential chronic health effects		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
General Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity Teratogenicity Developmental effects Fertility effects	::	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Numerical measures of toxicity		

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure		
Titanium dioxide					
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l Marine	Fish - Fish	96 h		
	water				
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	Acute				
40/40					



ACETAL CAMPER BLUE 296C

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 05/07/2019 Page 11 of 16 Print Date 05/09/2019

	Acute LC50 3 Mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h			
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic invertebrates.:	Acute					
invertebrates.:	Acute LC50 6.5 Mg/l Fresh wate	er Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h			
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic invertebrates.:	Acute					
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic plants:	No applicable toxicity data					
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data					
Remarks - Chronic -	No applicable toxicity data					
Aquatic invertebrates.:						
Carbon black						
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data		-			
	Acute EC50 37.563 Mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h			
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	Acute					
invertebrates.:						
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic plants:	No applicable toxicity data					
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data					
Remarks - Chronic -	No applicable toxicity data					
Aquatic invertebrates.:						
ACETAL CAMPER BLUE 29						
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	Chemicals are not readily available	ble as they are bound within th	e polymer matrix.			
invertebrates.:			1			
Conclusion/Summary	: Chemicals are not re polymer matrix.	eadily available as they are bo	and within the			
Persistence and degradability	<u>y</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Chemicals are not repolymer matrix.	eadily available as they are bo	und within the			
Bioaccumulative potential Not available.						
<u>Mobility in soil</u>						
Soil/water partition coefficie (KOC)	ent : Not available.					

11/16

ACETAL CAMPER BLUE 296C

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 05/07/2019

Page 12 of 16 Print Date 05/09/2019

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

:

:

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water	:	Not regulated for transportation.
International Air ICAO/IATA	:	Not classified as dangerous goods under transport regulations.
International Water IMO/IMDG	:	Not classified as dangerous goods under transport regulations.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	:	United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None of the components are listed. United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not
		12/16

Ine

ACETAL CAMPER BLUE 296C

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 05/07/2019

		listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Not listed United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed Phthalocyanine green Phthalocyanine Blue
		United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 - Hazardous substances: Listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	:	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor	:	Not listed

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential

SARA 311/312

Chemicals)

Chemicals)

Classification

Not applicable.

Not listed

:

:



ACETAL CAMPER BLUE 296C

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 05/07/2019 Page 14 of 16 Print Date 05/09/2019

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

Name	%	Classification
Titanium dioxide	> 0 - <= 0.3	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Carbon black	>= 0.3 - <= 1	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

SARA 313

Not applicable.

State regulations		
Massachusetts	:	None of the components are listed.
New York	:	None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	:	The following components are listed:
		Titanium dioxide
		Carbon black
		Phthalocyanine green
		Phthalocyanine Blue
Pennsylvania	:	The following components are listed:
		Titanium dioxide
		~
		Carbon black
		Phthalocyanine green
		i nulaiocyannic green
		Phthalocyanine Blue

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, Carbon black, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Carbon black	No.	No.
Titanium dioxide	No.	No.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) :

:

Canada inventory

All components are listed or exempted.

International regulations

ACETAL CAMPER BLUE 296C

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 05/07/2019 Page 15 of 16 Print Date 05/09/2019

Inventory list

Australia	: All c	components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All c	components are listed or exempted.
China	: All c	components are listed or exempted.
Europe inventory	: All c	components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Not	determined.
New Zealand	: All c	components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All c	components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All c	components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All c	components are listed or exempted.
Turkey	: Not	determined.
United States	: All c	components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

Date of printing	:	05/09/2019
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	05/07/2019
Date of previous issue	:	04/26/2019
Version	:	1.1
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
•		BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
		GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of
		Chemicals
		IATA = International Air Transport Association
		IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
		IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
		LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
		-

ACETAL CAMPER BLUE 296C

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 05/07/2019 Page 16 of 16 Print Date 05/09/2019

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations Not available.

References

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.