POLYONE CORPORATION

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

40000SSV SCARLET

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

POLYONE CORPORATION
8155 Cobb Center Drive, Kennesaw, GA 30152

Telephone	:	1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (866) POLYONE
Emergency telephone number	:	**CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).**
Product name	:	40000SSV SCARLET
Product code	:	FO00001204
Chemical Name	:	Mixture
CAS-No.	:	Mixture
Product Use	:	Industrial Applications

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS-No.	Weight percent
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	0.1 - 1
Calcium carbonate	1317-65-3	10 - 30
Calcium carbonate	471-34-1	10 - 30

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Information provided on health effects of this product is based on the individual components. However, some vapors or contaminants may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. See sections 8 and 11 for special precautions. Do not use this pigment in polymers at temperatures over 200°C (392°F). Decomposition of diarylide pigments in polymers at temperatures over 200°C (392°F) may produce trace amounts of monoazo dyes, which in turn can decompose to produce aromatic amines. The amount and type of degradation products formed depend on the dwell time, formulation and processing conditions as well as temperature. As conditions become more severe, as when temperatures move into the 240-300°C (464-572°F) range, trace quantities of 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine can be generated. 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine is classified as a suspect carcinogen by NTP and IARC, is classified as Acute Toxicity category 4 and Carcinogen Category 1B according to 1272/2008EC (CLP), and is regulated by OSHA as a suspect carcinogen. In order to avoid the generation of and exposure to 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine, do not use diarylide pigments in polymers when temperatures exceed 200°C (392°F). Handle with care. Organic dusts have the potential to be explosive with static spark or flame initiation.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Routes of Exposure: : Inhalation, Skin contact, Ingestion

Acute exposure

Inhalation	:	Inhalation of airborne droplets may cause irritation of the respiratory tract.
Ingestion	:	May be harmful if swallowed.
Eyes	:	May cause eye and skin irritation.
Skin	:	Experience shows no unusual dermatitis hazard from routine handling.

Chronic exposure : Refer to Section 11 for Toxicological Information.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: : None known.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation	:	Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of fumes from overheating or combustion. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
Ingestion	:	Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
Eyes	:	Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Skin	:	Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists seek medical attention.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point	:	no data available
Flammable Limits		
Upper explosion limit	:	no data available
Lower explosion limit	:	no data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not applicable
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Carbon dioxide blanket, Water spray, Dry powder, Foam.
Special Fire Fighting Procedures	:	Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in positive pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants.
Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards	:	May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under fire conditions. Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NOx), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions	:	Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as impervious gloves, boots and coveralls.
Environmental precautions	:	The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil. Should not be released into the environment.
Methods for cleaning up	:	Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Package all material in appropriate container for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling	:	Heat only in areas with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Processing fume condensates may contain combustible or toxic residue. Periodically clean hoods, ducts, and other surfaces to minimize accumulation of these materials.
Storage	:	Keep containers dry and tightly closed to avoid moisture absorption and contamination. Store in a cool dry place.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory protection	:	No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required.
Eye/Face Protection	:	Safety glasses with side-shields
Hand protection	:	Protective gloves
Skin and body protection	:	Long sleeved clothing
Additional Protective Measures	:	Safety shoes
General Hygiene Considerations	:	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.
Engineering measures	:	Heat only in areas with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at machinery.

Exposure limit(s)

Components	Value	Exposure time	Exposure type	List:
Calcium carbonate	5 mg/m3	PEL:	Respirable fraction.	OSHA Z1
	15 mg/m3	PEL:	Total dust.	OSHA Z1
	10 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		MX OEL
	20 mg/m3	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		MX OEL
	5 mg/m3	PEL:	Respirable fraction.	OSHA Z1
	15 mg/m3	PEL:	Total dust.	OSHA Z1
	5 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Respirable fraction.	OSHA Z1A
	15 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Total dust.	OSHA Z1A
	10 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		MX OEL
	20 mg/m3	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		MX OEL
	5 mg/m3	Recommended exposure limit (REL):	Respirable.	NIOSH
	10 mg/m3	Recommended exposure limit (REL):	Total	NIOSH
Titanium dioxide	10 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		ACGIH
	15 mg/m3	PEL:	Total dust.	OSHA Z1
	10 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Total dust.	OSHA Z1A
	10 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	as Ti	MX OEL
	20 mg/m3	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	as Ti	MX OEL

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form	: liquid	Evaporation rate	: Not established
Appearance	: viscous, liquid	Specific Gravity	: Not determined
Colour	: RED	Bulk density	: Not applicable
Odour	: very faint	Vapour pressure	: Not determined
Melting point/range	: not applicable	Vapour density	: Not determined
Boiling Point:	: not applicable	pH	: Not applicable
Water solubility	: immiscible		

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability : The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed.

Hazardous Polymerization : Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from oxidizing agents and open flame. To avoid thermal decomposition, do not overheat.

Incompatible Materials	:	Incompatible with strong acids and oxidizing agents., Avoid contact with acetal homopolymers and acetal copolymers during processing.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NOx), hydrogen chloride (HCl), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. Prolonged heating may result in product degradation. As a general rule of thumb, degradation begins to occur after one hour at 177 °C (350 °F), after 10 minutes at 204 °C (400 °F), and within 5 minutes at 232 °C (450 °F). Do not use this pigment in polymers at temperatures over 200°C (392°F). Decomposition of diarylide pigments in polymers at temperatures over 200°C (392°F) may produce trace amounts of monoazo dyes, which in turn can decompose to produce aromatic amines. The amount and type of degradation products formed depend on the dwell time, formulation and processing conditions as well as temperature. As conditions become more severe, as when temperatures move into the 240-300°C (464-572°F) range, trace quantities of 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine can be generated. 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine is classified as a suspect carcinogen by NTP and IARC, is classified as Acute Toxicity category 4 and Carcinogen Category 1B according to 1272/2008EC (CLP), and is regulated by OSHA as a suspect carcinogen. In order to avoid the generation of and exposure to 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine, do not use diarylide pigments in polymers when temperatures exceed 200°C (392°F). Handle with care. Organic dusts have the potential to be explosive with static spark or flame initiation.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Toxicity Overview
This product contains the following components which in their pure form have the following characteristics:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Effect	Target Organ
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	Systemic effects	Respiratory system.
1317-65-3	Calcium carbonate	Irritant	Eyes, Skin.
		Systemic effects	Eyes, Skin, Respiratory system.
471-34-1		Irritant	Eyes, Skin.

LC50 / LD50
This product contains the following components which, in their pure form, have the following toxicity data:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Route	Value	Species

471-34-1	Calcium carbonate	Oral LD50Oral LD50Oral LD50	6,450 mg/kg6,450 mg/kg6,450 mg/kg	ratratmouse

Carcinogenicity
This product contains the following components which, in their pure form, have the following carcinogenicity data:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	no	2B	no

IARC Carcinogen Classifications:
1 - The component is carcinogenic to humans.
2A - The component is probably carcinogenic to humans.
2B - The component is possibly carcinogenic to humans.

NTP Carcinogen Classifications:
1 - The component is known to be a human carcinogen.
2 - The component is reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Persistence and degradability : Not readily biodegradable.

Environmental Toxicity : Environmental toxicity has not been established for this mixture as a whole.

Bioaccumulation Potential : no data available

Additional advice : no data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Product : Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. The generator of waste material has the responsibility for proper waste classification, transportation and disposal in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial and local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Recycling is preferred when possible. The generator of waste material has the responsibility for proper waste classification, transportation and disposal in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT Classification : Refer to specific regulation.

ICAO/IATA : Refer to specific regulation.

IMO/IMDG (maritime) : Refer to specific regulation.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Regulations:

OSHA Status : Classified as hazardous based on components.

TSCA Status : All components of this product are listed on or exempt from the TSCA Inventory.

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

California Proposition 65 : Not applicable

SARA Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

Unless specific chemicals are identified under this section, this product is Not Applicable under this regulation

SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Unless specific chemicals are identified under this section, this product is Not Applicable under this regulation

Canadian Regulations:

National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)

not applicable

WHMIS Classification : D2A

DSL : All components of this product are on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are exempt.

National Inventories:

Australia AICS : Not determined

China IECS : Not determined

Europe EINECS : Listed

Japan ENCS	:	Not determined
Korea KECI	:	Not determined
Philippines PICCS	:	Not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.