

### P1157A WHITE

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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **P1157A WHITE**

## **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS product identifier** : P1157A WHITE

Chemical name: MixtureCAS number: MixtureOther means of identification: FO00012887Product type: liquid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications. Plastics.

Supplier's details : POLYONE CORPORATION

33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012

1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (866) POLYONE

Emergency telephone number

(with hours of operation)

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or

accident).

## Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. All ingredients are bound and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or

mixture

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

#### **GHS** label elements



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Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements**: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause cancer.

#### **Precautionary statements**

General : Not applicable.

**Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety

precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

**Response**: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF ON SKIN (or

hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical

attention.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements : None known.

Hazards not otherwise classified : None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture:MixtureChemical name:MixtureOther means of identification:FO00012887

#### **CAS** number/other identifiers



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Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Methyl ethyl ketone	25 - 30	78-93-3
Ethyl alcohol	10 - 25	64-17-5
Benzene, methyl-	10 - 17	108-88-3
Methyl isobutyl ketone	10 - 12	108-10-1
Cyclohexanone	10 - 11	108-94-1
Acetone	1 - 3	67-64-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie,
Skin contact	<ul> <li>belt or waistband.</li> <li>Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least</li> </ul>
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10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim

to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### **Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

**Inhalation** : No specific data.

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion** : No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give



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mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# **Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for firefighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any

personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-

exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated

in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See

also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".



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#### **Environmental precautions**

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures** 

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated



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clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a well-ventilated place. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Benzene, methyl-	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
-	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 375 mg/m3 100 ppm
	Short Term Exposure Limit value for a 15-minute reference
	period expressed in parts per million or in mg/m3. 560 mg/m3 150
	ppm
	OSHA PEL Z2 (1993-06-30)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 200 ppm
	Ceiling, is a a limit indicating the maximum concentration of a
	chemical substances in the breathing zone that should not be
	<b>exceeded.</b> 300 ppm
	Acceptable Maximum Peak (AMP) 500 ppm
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	Time Weighted Average (TWA) 375 mg/m3 100 ppm
	Short Term Exposure Limit value for a 15-minute reference
	period expressed in parts per million or in mg/m3. 560 mg/m3 150
	ppm
	ACGIH TLV (2006-11-17)
	TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:
	Permissible Exposure Level 20 ppm



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Methyl ethyl ketone	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
Wiethyl ethyl ketolie	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 590 mg/m3 200 ppm
	Short Term Exposure Limit value for a 15-minute reference
	period expressed in parts per million or in mg/m3. 885 mg/m3 300
	ppm OCHA DEL (1003 06 30)
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 590 mg/m3 200 ppm
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	Time Weighted Average (TWA) 590 mg/m3 200 ppm
	Short Term Exposure Limit value for a 15-minute reference
	period expressed in parts per million or in mg/m3. 885 mg/m3 300
	ppm
	ACGIH TLV (1994-09-01)
	TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:
	Permissible Exposure Level 590 mg/m3 200 ppm
	TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Time Exposure Level
	885 mg/m3 300 ppm
Ethyl alcohol	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
Euryr alcohol	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 1,900 mg/m3 1,000 ppm
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 1,900 mg/m3 1,000 ppm
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	Time Weighted Average (TWA) 1,900 mg/m3 1,000 ppm
	ACGIH TLV (2008-11-24)
	TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Time Exposure Level
	1,000 ppm
Methyl isobutyl ketone	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 205 mg/m3 50 ppm
	Short Term Exposure Limit value for a 15-minute reference
	period expressed in parts per million or in mg/m3. 300 mg/m3 75
	ppm
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 410 mg/m3 100 ppm
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	Time Weighted Average (TWA) 205 mg/m3 50 ppm
	Short Term Exposure Limit value for a 15-minute reference
	period expressed in parts per million or in mg/m3. 300 mg/m3 75
	ppm
	ACGIH TLV (2009-11-30)
	TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:
	Permissible Exposure Level 20 ppm
	ACGIH TLV (1994-09-01)
	TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Time Exposure Level 75
	-
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Cyclohexanone	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 100 mg/m3 25 ppm
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 200 mg/m3 50 ppm
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	Time Weighted Average (TWA) 100 mg/m3 25 ppm
	ACGIH TLV (2003-01-01)
	TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:
	Permissible Exposure Level 20 ppm
	TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Time Exposure Level
	50 ppm
Acetone	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 1,800 mg/m3 750 ppm
	Short Term Exposure Limit value for a 15-minute reference
	period expressed in parts per million or in mg/m3. 2,400 mg/m3
	1,000 ppm
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 2,400 mg/m3 1,000 ppm
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	Time Weighted Average (TWA) 590 mg/m3 250 ppm
	ACGIH TLV (2015-03-16)
	TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:
	Permissible Exposure Level 250 ppm
	TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Time Exposure Level
	500 ppm

Appropriate engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** 

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**



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Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product., When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing., For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product

**Respiratory protection** 

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : liquid [liquid]
Color : WHITE



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OdorNot available.Odor thresholdNot available.pHNot available.Melting pointNot available.Boiling pointNot available.Flash point19 °F (-7 °C)

Burning time: Not available.Burning rate: Not available.Evaporation rate: Not available.Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: Not available. (flammable) limits : Upper: Not available.

Vapor pressureNot available.Vapor densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.SolubilityNot available.Solubility in waterNot available.Partition coefficient: n-Not available.

octanol/water

products

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.Decomposition temperature: Not available.SADT: Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic: Not available.

Kinematic: Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see

Section 7).

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will

not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not

pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to

heat or sources of ignition.

**Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

**Hazardous decomposition** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition

products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information



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This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

### **Information on toxicological effects**

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Acetone				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5,800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5,800 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	50.1 mg/l	8 h
Cyclohexanone			•	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1,800 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	8,000 ppm	4 h
Methyl isobutyl ketone	•	•		<u>.</u>
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2,080 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4,600 mg/kg	-
Ethyl alcohol				<u>.</u>
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	15,010 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7,000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7,060 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	20,000 ppm	10 h
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	5.9 mg/l	6 h
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	124.7 mg/l	4 h
Benzene, methyl-				<u>.</u>
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	49 mg/l	4 h
Methyl ethyl ketone	•	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	2,737 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	23.5 mg/l	8 h
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6,480 mg/kg	-
C/C	3.61	Nat 6-11-14-44-4		•

Conclusion/Summary

Mixture.Not fully tested.

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Acetone	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit			-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit			-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	Eyes -	Rabbit		24 hrs	-



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	1	<del> </del>		
	Moderate			
	irritant			
	Eyes - Mild	Rabbit		-
	irritant			
	Eyes - Mild	Human		-
	irritant			
Cyclohexanone	Eyes - Severe	Rabbit	24 hrs	-
	irritant			
	Skin - Mild	Human	48 hrs	-
	irritant			
	Skin - Mild	Rabbit		-
	irritant			
	Eyes - Severe	Rabbit		-
	irritant			
Methyl isobutyl ketone	Eyes -	Rabbit	24 hrs	-
	Moderate			
	irritant			
	Skin - Mild	Rabbit	24 hrs	-
	irritant			
	Eyes - Severe	Rabbit		-
	irritant			
Ethyl alcohol	Eyes -	Rabbit		=
•	Moderate			
	irritant			
	Skin - Mild	Rabbit		-
	irritant			
	Skin -	Rabbit	24 hrs	-
	Moderate			
	irritant			
	Eyes - Severe	Rabbit		=
	irritant			
	Eyes - Mild	Rabbit	24 hrs	-
	irritant			
	Eyes -	Rabbit	0.001 hrs	-
	Moderate		0.000	
	irritant			
Benzene, methyl-	Skin - Mild	Pig	24 hrs	-
,,-	irritant			
	Skin - Mild	Rabbit		-
	irritant			
	Skin -	Rabbit		_
	Moderate			
	irritant			
	Skin -	Rabbit	24 hrs	_
	Moderate		2.1115	
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	irritant			
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit		-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	24 hrs	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	0.008 hrs	-
Methyl ethyl ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	24 hrs	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	24 hrs	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	24 hrs	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Eyes: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

### **Sensitization**

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

**Mutagenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Classification

Product/ingredient	OSHA	IARC	NTP
name			
Cyclohexanone		3	
Methyl isobutyl ketone		2B	
Ethyl alcohol		1	
Benzene, methyl-		3	

### **Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

### **Teratogenicity**



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**Conclusion/Summary**: Mixture.Not fully tested.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)** 

Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)** 

Not available.

**Aspiration hazard** 

Not available.

**Information on the likely routes of** :

Not available.

exposure

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering

redness

**Inhalation** : No specific data.

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation

redness

**Ingestion** : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.



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### Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value	
Oral	2,296.6 mg/kg	
Route	ATE value	
Inhalation (gases)	80,350.3 ppm	

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Acetone			
	Acute LC50 8,000 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 6,210,000 μg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 8,120,000 μg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 7,280,000 μg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 5,600 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 10,000 µg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Daphnia	
	Acute LC50 7,810,000 μg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Daphnia	
	Acute LC50 7,460,000 μg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h



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water	Danhnia	<u> </u>
water	Daphnia	40 L
Acute LC50 6,900 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.  Daphnia	48 h
water Acute LC50 8,800,000 µg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
water	Daphnia	40 11
Acute LC50 7,550,000 μg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
water	Crustaceans	40 11
Acute LC50 8,098,000 μg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
water	Crustaceans	40 II
Acute LC50 6,000,000 μg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
water	Crustaceans	40 11
Acute EC50 7,200,000 μg/l Fresh	Aquatic plants - Algae	96 h
water	Aquatic plants - Algae	70 II
Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine	Aquatic plants - Algae	96 h
water		
Acute EC50 11,727,900 μg/l Fresh	Aquatic plants - Algae	96 h
water		
Acute EC50 11,493,300 μg/l Fresh	Aquatic plants - Algae	96 h
water		
Acute NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine	Aquatic plants - Algae	4 d
water		
Acute NOEC 100 mg/l Marine	Aquatic plants - Algae	4 d
water		
Acute NOEC 100 mg/l Marine	Aquatic plants - Algae	3 d
water		
Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine	Fish - Fish	42 d
water		
Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine	Fish - Fish	42 d
water		
Chronic NOEC 100.0 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	21 d
water	Daphnia	
Chronic NOEC 1,000 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	21 d
water	Daphnia	21.1
Chronic NOEC 1,000 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	21 d
water	Daphnia	21.1
Chronic NOEC 100.0 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	21 d
water	Daphnia	21.1
Chronic NOEC 100.0 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	21 d
Water Chapia NOEC 16 000 mg/l Erash	Daphnia	21.4
Chronic NOEC 16.000 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	21 d
Water Chronic NOEC 16 000 mg/l Fresh	Crustaceans	21 d
Chronic NOEC 16.000 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	21 a
Water Chaptic NOEC 16 000 mg/l Fresh		21 d
Chronic NOEC 16.000 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	21 U
water	Crustaceans	



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	Chronic NOEC 16.000 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	21 d
	water	Crustaceans	21 u
	Chronic NOEC 16.000 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	21 d
	water	Crustaceans	
Cyclohexanone		ı	
	Acute LC50 630,000 µg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 732,000 µg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 527,000 µg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute EC50 32.9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Algae	72 h
	Acute EC10 3.56 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Algae	3 d
Methyl isobutyl ketone		T	T .
	Acute LC50 505,000 µg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water	T 1 T 1	0.61
	Acute LC50 537,000 µg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water	D' 1 D' 1	061
	Acute LC50 540,000 µg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	33 d
	_	FISH - FISH	33 u
	water Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	21 d
	water	Daphnia	21 u
Ethyl alcohol	water	Бирини	
Early alconor	Acute LC50 13,480,000 µg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		) II
	Acute LC50 42,000 μg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 11,000,000 μg/l	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Marine water		
	Acute LC50 12,720 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute EC50 12,900.0 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 5,680 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Daphnia	101
	Acute EC50 2,000 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	1 050 0 240 000 75	Daphnia	40.1
	Acute LC50 9,248,000 μg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Daphnia	40.1
	Acute LC50 9,268,000 μg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water Acute LC50 9,300,000 µg/l Fresh	Daphnia Aquetia invertebrates	48 h
	, , ,	Aquatic invertebrates.  Daphnia	40 11
	water 40/00	Барина	



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		T	1
	Acute LC50 25,500 μg/l Marine	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Crustaceans	
	Acute LC50 6,076,000 μg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Crustaceans	
	Acute LC50 3,715,000 μg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Crustaceans	
	Acute LC50 5,577,000 μg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Crustaceans	
	Acute EC50 1,074 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Crustaceans	
	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine	Aquatic plants - Algae	96 h
	water		
	Acute NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine	Aquatic plants - Algae	4 d
	water		
	Acute NOEC 350 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Algae	4 d
	Acute NOEC 14 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Algae	4 d
	Acute NOEC 20 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Algae	4 d
	Acute NOEC 2,000 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic plants - Algae	4 d
	water		
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	84 d
	water		
Benzene, methyl-			
	Acute LC50 6,780 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 5,800 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 5,500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 6,410 µg/l Marine	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute EC50 6,780 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute EC50 19,600 µg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Daphnia	
	Acute EC50 6,000 μg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Daphnia	
	Acute LC50 86,300 µg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Daphnia	
	Acute EC50 6,560 μg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Daphnia	
	Acute EC50 6,880 μg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Daphnia	
	Acute LC50 15,500 μg/l Marine	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Crustaceans	
	Acute LC50 56.3 mg/l Marine	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Crustaceans	
	Acute LC50 15.5 mg/l Marine	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Crustaceans	
	Acute EC50 11,600 μg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	40/00	•	•



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	water	Crustaceans	
	Acute EC50 16,500 µg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Crustaceans	
	Acute EC50 12,500 µg/l Fresh	Aquatic plants - Algae	72 h
	water		
	Chronic NOEC 2 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	21 d
		Daphnia	
	Chronic NOEC 1,000 µg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	21 d
	water	Daphnia	
Methyl ethyl ketone			
	Acute LC50 3,220,000 μg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 5,600 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute EC50 5,091,000 μg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Daphnia	
	Acute EC50 > 500,000 μg/l Marine	Aquatic plants - Algae	96 h
	water		
	Acute EC50 > 500 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic plants - Algae	96 h
	water		

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Acetone	-0.23	-	low
Cyclohexanone	0.86	-	low
Methyl isobutyl ketone	1.9	-	high
Ethyl alcohol	-0.35	-	low
Benzene, methyl-	2.73	90.00	low
Methyl ethyl ketone	0.29	-	low

### **Mobility in soil**

**Soil/water partition coefficient** : Not available.

(KOC)

Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations



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#### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

#### United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

#### United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Listed

Ingredient	CAS#	Status	Reference number
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	Listed	
Benzene, methyl-	108-88-3	Listed	
Acetone	67-64-1	Listed	
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	Listed	
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Listed	
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	Listed	

# **Section 14. Transport information**

U.S. DOT Classification

Proper Shipping Name: Flammable liquids, n.o.s.
Technical Name: Methyl ethyl ketone,toluene

Hazard Class / Division 3 UN Number UN1993



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Packing Group II Label Required 3

ICAO/IATA Consult mode specific transport rules

IMO/IMDG (maritime) Consult mode specific transport rules

# Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations** 

United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None of the components are listed.

United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Listed Methyl isobutyl ketone

United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not

listed

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules:

Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not

determined

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report

(PAIR): Listed 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, 2-acetate

**United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR):** 

Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority

pollutants: Listed Benzene, methyl-

Phenol

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -

Hazardous substances: Listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed



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**United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical:** 

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)

**Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)** 

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I

**Substances** 

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II

**Substances** 

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor** Not listed

Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential** 

**Chemicals**)

Listed

# US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	RQ for component
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	5,000 lb(s)
		2,270 kg
		2,270 kg
		5,000 lb(s)
Benzene, methyl-	108-88-3	1,000 lb(s)
		454 kg
		454 kg
		1,000 lb(s)

### **SARA 311/312**

Classification Fire hazard

> Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Acetone	1 - 3	F, AH
Cyclohexanone	10 - 11	F, AH
Methyl isobutyl ketone	10 - 12	F, AH, CH
Ethyl alcohol	10 - 25	F, AH, CH



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Benzene, methyl-	10 - 17	F, AH
Methyl ethyl ketone	25 - 30	F, AH

#### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Benzene, methyl-	108-88-3	10 - 17
	Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	10 - 12
Supplier notification	Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	10 - 12
	Benzene, methyl-	108-88-3	10 - 17

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

**State regulations** 

Massachusetts : The following components are listed:

Ethyl alcohol Benzene, methyl-Methyl ethyl ketone Methyl isobutyl ketone Cyclohexanone

Acetone
Ethyl acetate

**New York** : The following components are listed:

Methyl ethyl ketone Benzene, methyl-Cyclohexanone Methyl isobutyl ketone

Ethyl acetate Acetone

**New Jersey** : The following components are listed:

Benzene, methyl-Methyl ethyl ketone Ethyl alcohol

Methyl isobutyl ketone

Cyclohexanone Ethyl acetate Acetone

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed:



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Methyl ethyl ketone

Benzene, methyl-

Ethyl alcohol

Methyl isobutyl ketone

Cyclohexanone

Ethyl acetate

Acetone

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)**: All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted.

**International regulations** 

**International lists** Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined. **EINECS:** All components are listed or exempted.

**Japan inventory:** Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

Korea inventory: Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

**Chemical Weapons Convention** 

**List Schedule I Chemicals** 

**Chemical Weapons Convention** 

**List Schedule II Chemicals** 

**Chemical Weapons Convention** 

**List Schedule III Chemicals** 

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

# Section 16. Other information

History

**Date of printing** 07/16/2016



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**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 07/14/2016 **Date of previous issue** : 05/14/2012

Version : 1.3

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine

pollution)

UN = United Nations

**References** : Not available.

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