

Version Number 1.3 Revision Date 01/01/2025 Page 1 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### SILCOGUM BLUE 61784

Section 1. Identification		
GHS product identifier Chemical name CAS number Other means of identification Product type	:	SILCOGUM BLUE 61784 Mixture FO00014314 liquid
	tance	or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	:	Industrial applications. Plastics.
Supplier's details	:	<b>GSDI Specialty Dispersions, Inc.</b> 1675 Navarre Road SW, Massillon, Ohio USA 44646
		1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (844) 4AVIENT
<b>Emergency telephone number</b> (with hours of operation)	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

### Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Information provided on health effects of this product is based on the individual components. However, some vapors or contaminants may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. See sections 8 and 11 for special precautions. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
GHS label elements		



Version Numb	er 1.3
<b>Revision Date</b>	01/01/2025

### Page 2 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Warning
Hazard statements	:	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Not applicable. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:	None known.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known. Not available.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	FO00014314

#### CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Cobalt aluminate blue spinel (C.I. Pigment Blue 28)	>= 25 - <= 50	1345-16-0
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	> 0 - <= 0.3	556-67-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.



Version Number 1.3 Revision Date 01/01/2025

### Page 3 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Eye contact	:	No specific data.
		0/17



Version Number 1.3	Page 4 of 17
Revision Date 01/01/2025	Print Date 01/10/2025

Inhalation Skin contact	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations</li> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>skeletal malformations</li> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations</li> </ul>
Indication of immediate me	edical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

-	-
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

No specific treatment.

:

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Specific treatments

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO <sub>2</sub> . None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any



Version Number 1.3 Revision Date 01/01/2025 Page 5 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

		personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-
fire-fighters		contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated
		in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
ent a	nd cleaning up
:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
	: : : :

## Section 7. Handling and storage



Version Number 1.3 Revision Date 01/01/2025

### Page 6 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Cobalt aluminate blue spinel (C.I. Pigment Blue 28)	ACGIH TLV (1994-09-01) Inhalation sensitizer Skin sensitizer TWA 0.02 mg/m3 (CO)
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	OARS WEEL (2018-05-07) TWA 10 ppm

Appropriate engineering controls : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process



Version Number 1.3	Page 7 of 17
Revision Date 01/01/2025	Print Date 01/10/2025

Environmental exposure controls	:	enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.



Version Number 1.3 Revision Date 01/01/2025 Page 8 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Physical state	:	liquid [Viscous liquid.]
Color	:	BLUE
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not available.
(flammable) limits		Upper: Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-	:	Not applicable.
octanol/water		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Dynamic: Not available.
		Kinematic: Not available.
Aerosol product		
Heat of combustion	:	Not available.
Ignition distance	:	Not available.
Enclosed space ignition - Time		Not available.
equivalent	•	
Enclosed space ignition -	:	Not available.
Deflagration density	•	rot uvunuoio.
Flame height		Not available.
Flame duration	:	Not available.
Fiante uur auton	•	

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity



Version Number 1.3 Revision Date 01/01/2025

### Page 9 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from strong acids. Oxidizer.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
Cyclotetrasiloxane, 2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-octamethyl-					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1,540 mg/kg	-	
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	36 Mg/l	4 h	
	Vapor		_		
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1,770 mg/kg	-	

Conclusion/Summary

: Mixture.Not fully tested.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Cyclotetrasiloxane, 2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-octamethyl-	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-

Conclusion/Summary Skin	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
Eves		Mixture.Not fully tested.
Respiratory	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
<u>Sensitization</u>		
Conclusion/Summary		
Skin	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
		Mixture.Not fully tested.



Version Number 1.3 Revision Date 01/01/2025 Page 10 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

#### **Mutagenicity**

Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>		

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
C.I. Pigment Blue 28 An	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
inorganic pigment that is			
the reaction product of			
high temperature			
calcination in which cobalt			
(II) oxide and aluminum			
oxide in varying amounts			
are homogeneously and			
ionically interdiffused to			
form a crystalline matrix of			
spinel. Its composition			
may include any one or a			
combination of the			
modifiers MgO, ZnO,			
Li2O, or TiO2.			

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

#### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

#### **Information on the likely routes of** : Not available.



Version Number 1.3	Page 11 of 17
Revision Date 01/01/2025	Print Date 01/10/2025

#### exposure

Potential acute health effects	
Inhalation Skin contact	<ul> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> </ul>
Symptoms related to the physical, cher	mical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	No specific data.
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight,
Skin contact	<ul> <li>increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations</li> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations</li> </ul>
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effects and als	o chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
	Not available. Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	Not available.
Potential chronic health effects	
Conclusion/Summary	Mixture.Not fully tested.
General	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
8 .	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
8 .	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
L	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Numerical measures of toxicity	

Acute toxicity estimates



Version Number 1.3 Revision Date 01/01/2025 Page 12 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

N/A

Other information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

### Section 12. Ecological information

:

**Toxicity** 

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Cyclotetrasiloxane, 2,2,4,4,6,6,8	3,8-octamethyl-		
	Acute LC50 0.204 - 3.483 Mg/l	Fish - Leuciscus idus ssp.	96 h
	Fresh water	melanotus	
	Chronic NOEC 0.0000044 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	93 d
	Fresh water		
	Chronic NOEC 0.0079 Mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 d
	Fresh water		

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

#### Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Cyclotetrasiloxane, 2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-	6.488	13,400.00	high
octamethyl-			

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC)	:	Not available.
Other adverse effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.



Version Number 1.3 Revision Date 01/01/2025

### Page 13 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

:

#### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

### Section 14. Transport information

U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water	:	Not regulated for transportation.
International Air ICAO/IATA	:	Consult mode specific transport rules
International Water IMO/IMDG	:	Consult mode specific transport rules

### Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	of Ui Ui Ui Ui	<ul> <li>hited States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None the components are listed.</li> <li>hited States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed</li> <li>hited States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed</li> <li>hited States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed</li> <li>hited States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed</li> <li>hited States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not</li> </ul>



Version Number 1.3				
<b>Revision Date</b>	01/01/2025			

### Page 14 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

		listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8 (a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Listed Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, Me hydrogen Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane
		United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed Phthalocyanine green
		United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 - Hazardous substances: Not listed
		United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 112(b)	:	Listed
Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	:	Not listed

Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	:	Not listed
Substances		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II	:	Not listed
Substances		
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor	:	Not listed
Chemicals)		
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential	:	Not listed
Chemicals)		

#### US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

#### SARA 311/312



Version Number 1.3 Revision Date 01/01/2025

### Page 15 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

Classification

#### TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

:

Name	%	Classification
C.I. Pigment Blue 28 An inorganic pigment that is the reaction product of high temperature calcination in which cobalt (II) oxide and aluminum oxide in varying amounts are homogeneously and ionically interdiffused to form a crystalline matrix of spinel. Its composition may include any one or a combination of the modifiers MgO, ZnO, Li2O, or TiO2.	>= 25 - <= 50	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Cyclotetrasiloxane, 2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-octamethyl-	> 0 - <= 0.3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - oral - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - dermal - Category 4 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

#### <u>SARA 313</u>

#### Form R - Reporting requirements

Product name	CAS number	%
Cobalt aluminate blue spinel (C.I. Pigment Blue 28)	1345-16-0	>= 30 - < 60

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

<u>State regulations</u> Massachusetts New York New Jorsey	<ul> <li>None of the components are listed.</li> <li>None of the components are listed.</li> <li>The following components are listed:</li> </ul>
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: Cobalt aluminate blue spinel (C.I. Pigment Blue 28)



Version Number 1.3	Page 16 of 17
Revision Date 01/01/2025	Print Date 01/10/2025

Pennsylvania	:	Phthalocyanine green The following components are listed: Cobalt aluminate blue spinel (C.I. Pigment Blue 28) Phthalocyanine green
		Thinalocyaline green
<u>California Prop. 65</u> This product does not require a Safe H United States inventory (TSCA 8b)		warning under California Prop. 65. All components are active or exempted.
Canada inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.
<u>International regulations</u> <u>Inventory list</u>		
Australia	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	:	All components are listed or exempted.
China	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Eurasian Economic Union	:	Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.
Japan	:	Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
		Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	:	All components are listed or exempted. All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand		All components are listed or exempted.
Turkey	:	Not determined.
United States	:	All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	:	Not determined.
1 100 1 Julii	•	i tot determined.

### Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.



Version Number 1.3 Revision Date 01/01/2025 Page 17 of 17 Print Date 01/10/2025

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

<b>History</b>		
Date of printing	:	01/10/2025
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	01/01/2025
Date of previous issue	:	11/09/2021
Version	:	1.3
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
·		BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
		GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of
		Chemicals
		IATA = International Air Transport Association
		IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
		IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
		LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
		MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From
		Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine
		pollution)
		$\hat{U}N = United Nations$
References	:	Not available.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.