

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

P9325DNPCM LIGHT MAPLE

 Version Number 1.7
 Page 1 of 9

 Revision Date 10/21/2010
 Print Date 1/15/2012

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

POLYONE CORPORATION

8155 Cobb Center Drive, Kennesaw, GA 30152

Telephone : 1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (866) POLYONE

Emergency telephone : CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure

or accident).

Product name : P9325DNPCM LIGHT MAPLE

Product code : FO20000531 Chemical Name : Mixture CAS-No. : Mixture

Product Use : Industrial Applications

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON REGULATED INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS-No.	Weight percent
Nickel antimony yellow rutile (C.I. Pigment	le (C.I. Pigment 8007-18-9 0.1 - 1	
Yellow 53)		
Silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	0.1 - 1
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.1 - 1
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	10 - 30

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Information provided on health effects of this product is based on the individual components. However, some vapors or contaminants may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. See sections 8 and 11 for special precautions.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Routes of Exposure: : Inhalation, Skin contact, Ingestion

Acute exposure

Inhalation : Inhalation of airborne droplets may cause irritation of the respiratory

tract.

Ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed. Eyes : May cause eye and skin irritation.

Skin : Experience shows no unusual dermatitis hazard from routine handling.



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

P9325DNPCM LIGHT MAPLE

 Version Number 1.7
 Page 2 of 9

 Revision Date 10/21/2010
 Print Date 1/15/2012

Chronic exposure : Refer to Section 11 for Toxicological Information.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: : None known.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation : Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of fumes from

overheating or combustion. When symptoms persist or in all cases of

doubt seek medical advice.

Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. When symptoms

persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Eyes : Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists

seek medical attention.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point : no data available

Flammable Limits

Upper explosion limit : no data available Lower explosion limit : no data available Autoignition temperature : Not applicable

Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide blanket, Water spray, Dry powder, Foam.

Special Fire Fighting

Procedures

Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in positive pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne

siessare mode should be worn to prevent inharation of an

contaminants.

Unusual Fire/Explosion

Hazards

: May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under fire conditions. Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO),

oxides of nitrogen (NOx), other hazardous materials, and smoke are

all possible.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as

impervious gloves, boots and coveralls.

Environmental precautions : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or

the soil. Should not be released into the environment.

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid

binder, universal binder, sawdust). Package all material in



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

P9325DNPCM LIGHT MAPLE

Version Number 1.7 Page 3 of 9 Revision Date 10/21/2010 Print Date 1/15/2012

appropriate container for disposal. Refer to Section 13 of this MSDS

for proper disposal methods.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Heat only in areas with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Processing

fume condensates may contain combustible or toxic residue. Periodically clean hoods, ducts, and other surfaces to minimize

accumulation of these materials.

Keep containers dry and tightly closed to avoid moisture absorption Storage

and contamination. Store in a cool dry place.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory protection : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required.

Eye/Face Protection Safety glasses with side-shields

Hand protection Protective gloves

Skin and body protection : Long sleeved clothing

Additional Protective

Engineering measures

Measures

Safety shoes

General Hygiene : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety Considerations

practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

: Heat only in areas with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at machinery.

Exposure limit(s)



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

P9325DNPCM LIGHT MAPLE

Version Number 1.7 Revision Date 10/21/2010 Page 4 of 9 Print Date 1/15/2012

Components	Value	Exposure time	Exposure type	List:
Nickel antimony	0.015	Recommended exposure	as Ni	NIOSH
yellow rutile (C.I.	mg/m3	limit (REL):		
Pigment Yellow 53)				
	1 mg/m3	PEL:	as Ni	OSHA Z1
	1 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average	as Ni	OSHA Z1A
		(TWA):		
	0.2 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average	Inhalable fraction. as	ACGIH
		(TWA):	Ni	
	0.5 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	as Sb	ACGIH
	0.5 mg/m3	Recommended exposure	as Sb	NIOSH
	8	limit (REL):		
	0.5 mg/m3	PEL:	as Sb	OSHA Z1
	0.5 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average	as Sb	OSHA Z1A
		(TWA):	us 20	0011112111
	0.5 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	as Sb	MX OEL
Silica, cristobalite	0.025	Time Weighted Average	Respirable fraction.	ACGIH
,	mg/m3	(TWA):		
	0.05	Time Weighted Average	Respirable dust.	OSHA Z1A
	mg/m3	(TWA):	1	
	0.05	Time Weighted Average	Respirable.	Z3
	mg/m3	(TWA):	1	
	0.15	Time Weighted Average	Total dust.	Z3
	mg/m3	(TWA):		
	0.05	Time Weighted Average		MX OEL
	mg/m3	(TWA):		
Titanium dioxide	10 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		ACGIH
	15 mg/m3	PEL:	Total dust.	OSHA Z1
		Time Weighted Average	Total dust. Total dust.	OSHA Z1A
	10 mg/m3	(TWA):		
	10 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	as Ti	MX OEL
	20 mg/m3	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	as Ti	MX OEL
Naphthalene	10 ppm	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		ACGIH
	15 ppm	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		ACGIH
	10 ppm 50	Recommended exposure		NIOSH
	mg/m3	limit (REL):		
	15 ppm 75	Short Term Exposure Limit		NIOSH
	mg/m3	(STEL):		
	10 ppm 50	PEL:		OSHA Z1
	mg/m3			
	10 ppm 50	Time Weighted Average		OSHA Z1A
	mg/m3	(TWA):		



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

P9325DNPCM LIGHT MAPLE

 Version Number 1.7
 Page 5 of 9

 Revision Date 10/21/2010
 Print Date 1/15/2012

15 ppm 75	Short Term Exposure Limit	Short Term Exposure Limit	
mg/m3	(STEL):		
10 ppm 50	Time Weighted Average		MX OEL
mg/m3	(TWA):		
15 ppm 75	Short Term Exposure Limit		MX OEL
mg/m3	(STEL):		

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

: Not established Form : liquid Evaporation rate : viscous, liquid Not determined Appearance Specific Gravity Colour : TAN Bulk density Not applicable Odour : very faint Vapour pressure : Not determined : not applicable : Not determined Vapour density Melting point/range pН Boiling Point: : not applicable : Not applicable

Water solubility : immiscible

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability : Stable

Hazardous Polymerization : Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from oxidizing agents and open flame. To avoid thermal

decomposition, do not overheat.

Incompatible Materials : Incompatible with strong acids and oxidizing agents., Avoid contact

with acetal homopolymers and acetal copolymers during processing.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NOx), hydrogen chloride (HCl), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. Prolonged heating may result in product degradation. As a general rule of thumb, degradation begins to occur

after one hour at 177 °C (350 °F), after 10 minutes at 204 °C (400

 $^{\circ}$ F), and within 5 minutes at 232 $^{\circ}$ C (450 $^{\circ}$ F).

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Toxicity Overview

This product contains the following components which in their pure form have the following characteristics:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Effect	Target Organ
8007-18-9	Nickel antimony yellow rutile (C.I. Pigment Yellow 53)	Irritant	Eyes, Skin.
		sensitizer	Skin.
14464-46-1	Silica, cristobalite	Systemic effects	Respiratory system.



Page 6 of 9

Print Date 1/15/2012

POLYONE CORPORATION

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

P9325DNPCM LIGHT MAPLE

Version Number 1.7
Revision Date 10/21/2010

		Irritant	Eyes, Skin, Respiratory
			system.
91-20-3	Naphthalene	Irritant	Eyes.
		Systemic effects	Eyes, Respiratory system,
			central nervous system (CNS).
		Toxic	Refer to LC50 / LD50 Data on
			MSDS
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	Systemic effects	Respiratory system.

LC50 / LD50

This product contains the following components which, in their pure form, have the following toxicity data:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Route	Value	Species
91-20-3	Naphthalene	LC50	> 340 mg/m3	rat
		Oral LD50	490 mg/kg	rat
		Dermal LD50	> 20 gm/kg	rabbit

Carcinogenicity

This product contains the following components which, in their pure form, have the following carcinogenicity data:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
8007-18-9	Nickel antimony yellow rutile	no	1	no
	(C.I. Pigment Yellow 53)			
14464-46-1	Silica, cristobalite	no	1	no
91-20-3	Naphthalene	no	2B	no
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	no	2B	no

IARC Carcinogen Classifications:

- 1 The component is carcinogenic to humans.
- 2A The component is probably carcinogenic to humans.
- 2B The component is possibly carcinogenic to humans.

NTP Carcinogen Classifications:

- 1 The component is known to be a human carcinogen.
- 2 The component is reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Additional Health Hazard Information:

Nickel antimony yellow rutile (C.I. Pigment Yellow 53) 8007-18-9 Skin sensitizer "nickel itch", with pulmonary, brain, liver, kidney and muscle effects.

Additional Health Hazard Information:

Silica, cristobalite 14464-46-1 This material in its free releasable form may cause respiratory tract irritation. Long-term exposure may cause coughing, chest pain, diminished chest expansion and possibly silicosis, which is a scarring of the lungs.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Persistence and degradability : Not readily biodegradable.



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

P9325DNPCM LIGHT MAPLE

 Version Number 1.7
 Page 7 of 9

 Revision Date 10/21/2010
 Print Date 1/15/2012

Environmental Toxicity : Environmental toxicity has not been established for this mixture as a

whole.

Bioaccumulation Potential : no data available

Additional advice : no data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Product : Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. The

generator of waste material has the responsibility for proper waste classification, transportation and disposal in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial and local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Recycling is preferred when possible. The generator of waste

material has the responsibility for proper waste classification, transportation and disposal in accordance with applicable federal,

state/provincial and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT Classification : Refer to specific regulation.

ICAO/IATA : Refer to specific regulation.

IMO/IMDG (maritime) : Refer to specific regulation.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Regulations:

OSHA Status : Classified as hazardous based on components.

TSCA Status : All components of this product are listed on or exempt from the

TSCA Inventory.

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

California Proposition : WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of

California to cause cancer., WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or

other reproductive harm.

SARA Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

P9325DNPCM LIGHT MAPLE

 Version Number 1.7
 Page 8 of 9

 Revision Date 10/21/2010
 Print Date 1/15/2012

Unless specific chemicals are identified under this section, this product is Not Applicable under this regulation

SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Unless specific chemicals are identified under this section, this product is Not Applicable under this regulation

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight percent
NICKEL COMPOUNDS ANTIMONY COMPOUNDS	8007-18-9	0.10 - 1.00
NAPHTHALENE	91-20-3	0.10 - 1.00

Canadian Regulations:

National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight	NPRI ID#
		percent	
Bis (2-ethylhexyl) adipate	103-23-1	1.00 - 5.00	
Nickel antimony yellow rutile (C.I. Pigment	8007-18-9	0.10 - 1.00	
Yellow 53)			
		0.10 - 1.00	
Zinc	7440-66-6	0.10 - 1.00	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	0.10 - 1.00	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.10 - 1.00	

WHMIS Classification : D2A

WHMIS Ingredient Disclosure List

CAS-No.
103-23-1
95-63-6

DSL : All of the components of this product are listed on the Canadian

Inventories or are exempt. However, at least one component of this product is on the Canadian Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL).

Quantity use in Canada is restricted by regulations.

National Inventories:

Australia AICS : Not determined

China IECS : Not determined

Europe EINECS : Not determined

Japan ENCS : Not determined



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

P9325DNPCM LIGHT MAPLE

 Version Number 1.7
 Page 9 of 9

 Revision Date 10/21/2010
 Print Date 1/15/2012

Korea KECI : Not determined

Philippines PICCS : Not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.