

DGR0039 INLAND RED SM

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

DGR0039 INLAND RED SM

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : DGR0039 INLAND RED SM

Chemical name: MixtureCAS number: MixtureOther means of identification: FO20012728Product type: liquid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications. Plastics.

Supplier's details : POLYONE CORPORATION

33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012

1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (866) POLYONE

Emergency telephone number

(with hours of operation)

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or

accident).

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Information provided on health effects of this product is based on the individual components. However, some vapors or contaminants may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. See sections 8 and 11 for special precautions. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or

mixture

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

GHS label elements



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Hazard pictograms



(!)

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary statements

General : Not applicable.

Prevention : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety

precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Avoid

breathing vapor. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out

of the workplace.

Response: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash

with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before

reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements : None known. **Hazards not otherwise classified** : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: MixtureChemical name: MixtureOther means of identification: FO20012728

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Diisodecyl phthalate (mixed isomers)	1 - 3	68515-49-1
Bisphenol A - Epichlorohydrin polymer	1 - 2	25068-38-6
Antimony trioxide	1 - 2	1309-64-4



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Titanium dioxide	0.3 - 1	13463-67-7
Naphthalene	0.3 - 1	91-20-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable Inhalation for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Skin contact Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim **Ingestion** to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious



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person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO_2 .

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container

may burst.



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Hazardous thermal decomposition products

May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl).

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for firefighters Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any

personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated

in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of

any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See

also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil,

waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil

or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with

water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal

contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach

release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or

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diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits



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Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Diisodecyl phthalate (mixed isomers)	
Bisphenol A - Epichlorohydrin polymer	
Antimony trioxide	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) expressed as Sb
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 0.5 mg/m3
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) expressed as Sb Time Weighted Average (TWA) 0.5 mg/m3
	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) expressed as Sb
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 0.5 mg/m3
	ACGIH TLV (1994-09-01)
Titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
Trainem Growing	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18)
	TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:
	Permissible Exposure Level 10 mg/m3
Naphthalene	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 50 mg/m3 10 ppm Short Term Exposure Limit value for a 15-minute reference
	period expressed in parts per million or in mg/m3. 75 mg/m3 15
	ppm
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 50 mg/m3 10 ppm
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) Time Weighted Average (TWA) 50 mg/m3 10 ppm
	Short Term Exposure Limit value for a 15-minute reference
	period expressed in parts per million or in mg/m3. 75 mg/m3 15
	ppm
	ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18)
	TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 52 mg/m3 10 ppm
	T

Appropriate engineering controls

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process



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Environmental exposure controls

enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits



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of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : liquid [liquid]

Color : RED

Odor Not available. **Odor threshold** Not available. Not available. **Melting point** Not available. **Boiling point** Not available. Not available. Flash point **Burning time** Not available. Not available. **Burning rate Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: Not available. (flammable) limits : Upper: Not available.

Vapor pressureNot available.Vapor densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.SolubilityNot available.Solubility in waterNot available.Partition coefficient: n-Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.Decomposition temperature: Not available.SADT: Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic: Not available.

Kinematic: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see

Section 7).

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will

not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.

Incompatible materials : Avoid contact with acetal homopolymers and acetyl homopolymers

during processing.



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Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
Diisodecyl phthalate (mixed isomers)					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	60,000 mg/kg	=	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	16,000 mg/kg	=	
Bisphenol A - Epichlorohydrir	n polymer				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13,600 mg/kg	=	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	11,400 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	11,400 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	30,000 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	30,000 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	30,000 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	30,000 mg/kg	=	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13,600 mg/kg	=	
Antimony trioxide					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	34,600 mg/kg	=	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	34,000 mg/kg	=	
Titanium dioxide			•		
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-	
Naphthalene					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-	
_	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20,000 mg/kg	=	

Conclusion/Summary

Mixture.Not fully tested.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Diisodecyl phthalate (mixed	Eyes - Mild	Rabbit			-
isomers)	irritant				
Bisphenol A -	Eyes - Mild	Rabbit			-
Epichlorohydrin polymer	irritant				



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	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit		-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	24 hrs	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	24 hrs	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit		-
Antimony trioxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit		-
Titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	72 hrs	-
Naphthalene	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	24 hrs	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Eyes: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Classification

0146521104401011			
Product/ingredient	OSHA	IARC	NTP
name			
Antimony trioxide		2B	
Titanium dioxide		2B	
Naphthalene		2B	

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.



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Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture. Not fully tested.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of :

Not available.

exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
Inhalation
No known significant effects or critical hazards.
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects



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Conclusion/Summary: Mixture.Not fully tested.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and

level of exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure		
Antimony trioxide					
	Acute LC50 > 530 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h		
	water				
	Acute LC50 > 1,000,000 μ g/l	Fish - Fish	96 h		
	Marine water				
	Acute EC50 423,450 μg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h		
	water	Daphnia			
	Acute EC50 560 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h		
		Crustaceans			
	Acute EC50 730 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Algae	72 h		
	Acute EC50 760 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Algae	96 h		
Acute EC50 740 µg/l Fresh water		Aquatic plants - Algae	96 h		
	Acute NOEC 200 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Algae	4 d		
Titanium dioxide					
	Acute LC50 > 1,000,000 μ g/l	Fish - Fish	96 h		
	Marine water				
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h		
	water				
	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h		



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		Daphnia	
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/1 Fresh water	Daphnia	46 11
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Crustaceans	
	Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Crustaceans	
	Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Crustaceans	
	Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Crustaceans	
	Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h
	Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Daphnia	
	Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Daphnia	
	Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Daphnia	
Naphthalene			
	Acute LC50 372 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 315 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 313 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 213 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 438 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 2,160 μg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h
	Acute EC50 1.96 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h
	Acute EC50 2.550 Mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea	48 h
	Acute EC50 1,600 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h
	Acute EC50 2,194 μg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h
	Acute LC50 2,800 μg/l Marine water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h
	Acute LC50 2.6 mg/l Marine water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h
	Acute EC50 5,960 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h
	Acute LC50 3,930 μg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h
	Acute LC50 2,350 µg/l Marine water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h
	14/20	Crustaceans	



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Acute EC50 1.6 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	Daphnia	

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Diisodecyl phthalate (mixed	8.8	0.10	low
isomers)			
Bisphenol A -	2.64 - 3.78	31.00	low
Epichlorohydrin polymer			
Titanium dioxide		352.00	low
Naphthalene	3.4	36.50	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

(KOC)

Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed



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United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

U.S. DOT Classification : Not regulated for transportation.

ICAO/IATA Consult mode specific transport rules

IMO/IMDG (maritime) : Consult mode specific transport rules

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None

of the components are listed.

United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Listed Diisodecyl

phthalate

United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed

United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not

listed

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules:

Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Listed

Lead

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not

determined

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report

(PAIR): Listed Naphthalene

United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR):

Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority

pollutants: Listed Naphthalene

Diisodecyl phthalate

Arsenic Lead



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Vinyl chloride monomer Antimony trioxide Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds

Miscenaneous Zine compounds

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -

Hazardous substances: Listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed

United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical:

Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)

Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I

Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II

Substances

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor

Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential

Chemicals)

Listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	RQ for component
Naphthalene	91-20-3	100 lb(s)
		45.4 kg

SARA 311/312

Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard

Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Diisodecyl phthalate (mixed isomers)	1 - 3	AH
Bisphenol A - Epichlorohydrin polymer	1 - 2	AH
Antimony trioxide	1 - 2	АН, СН



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Naphthalene	0.3 - 1	AH, CH

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.3 - 1
	Antimony trioxide	1309-64-4	1 - 2
Supplier notification	Antimony trioxide	1309-64-4	1 - 2
	Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.3 - 1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed:

Bis (2-ethylhexyl) adipate

Antimony trioxide

New York : The following components are listed:

Antimony trioxide

Naphthalene

New Jersey: The following components are listed:

Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer Bis (2-ethylhexyl) adipate

Antimony trioxide

Titanium dioxide

Naphthalene

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed:

Naphthalene

Titanium dioxide

Antimony trioxide

Bis (2-ethylhexyl) adipate

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.



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Canada inventory : At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components

are listed in NDSL.

International regulations

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

EINECS: Not determined.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

Korea inventory: Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule I Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule II Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule III Chemicals

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of printing: 06/09/2016Date of issue/Date of revision: 06/07/2016Date of previous issue: 10/15/2013

Version : 1.4

Key to abbreviations: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine

pollution)

UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

Notice to reader



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