

350CMVP PANTONE(R) 350 C SIMULATION

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/09/2020 Page 1 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2020

SAFETY DATA SHEET

350CMVP PANTONE(R) 350 C SIMULATION

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : 350CMVP PANTONE(R) 350 C SIMULATION

Chemical name: MixtureCAS number: MixtureOther means of identification: FO20024657

Product type : solid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications. Plastics.

Supplier's details : POLYONE CORPORATION

33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012

1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (866) POLYONE

Emergency telephone number

(with hours of operation)

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or

accident).

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. All ingredients are bound and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status : While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and

other users of this product.

Classification of the substance or

mixture

Not classified.

GHS label elements

Signal word : No signal word.

1/18



350CMVP PANTONE(R) 350 C SIMULATION

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/09/2020 Page 2 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2020

Hazard statements : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Precautionary statements

General : Not applicable.
Prevention : Not applicable.
Response : Not applicable.
Storage : Not applicable.
Disposal : Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements : None known.
Hazards not otherwise classified : None known.
Not available.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: MixtureChemical name: MixtureOther means of identification: FO20024657

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Titanium dioxide	1 - 3	13463-67-7
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, cobalt(2+) salt (2:1)	0 - 0.3	136-52-7
Carbon black	0 - 0.3	1333-86-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures



350CMVP PANTONE(R) 350 C SIMULATION

Version Number 1.5 Page 3 of 18 Revision Date 01/09/2020 Print Date 01/10/2020

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the

upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses.

Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical

surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated

clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at

rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by

medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: No specific data.Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms

may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under

medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)



350CMVP PANTONE(R) 350 C SIMULATION

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/09/2020 Page 4 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2020

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media

In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO_2 .

None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl).

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for firefighters Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any

personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated

in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials.

See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil,

waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil

or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and



350CMVP PANTONE(R) 350 C SIMULATION

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/09/2020 Page 5 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2020

place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a

licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water

courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency

contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures Advice on general occupational hygiene : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18) TWA 10 mg/m3
Carbon black	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)



350CMVP PANTONE(R) 350 C SIMULATION

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/09/2020

Page 6 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2020

	TWA 3.5 mg/m3 OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 3.5 mg/m3 NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 3.5 mg/m3 NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 0.1 mgPAH/m³ ACGIH TLV (2010-12-06) TWA 3 mg/m3 Form: Inhalable fraction
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, cobalt(2+) salt (2:1)	ACGIH TLV (1994-09-01) Inhalation sensitizer Skin sensitizer TWA 0.02 mg/m3 (as CO)

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker

exposure to airborne contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be

necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical Hygiene measures

products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

showers are close to the workstation location.

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used Eye/face protection

> when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a

higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved **Hand protection**

standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products

if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based

on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.



350CMVP PANTONE(R) 350 C SIMULATION

Version Number 1.5 Page 7 of 18 Revision Date 01/09/2020 Print Date 01/10/2020

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures

should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this

product.

Respiratory protection: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that

meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper

fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state solid [Paste.] **GREEN** Color Odor Faint odor. **Odor threshold** Not available. рH Not available. **Melting point** Not available. **Boiling point** Not available. Flash point Not available. **Burning time** Not available. **Burning rate** Not available. **Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: Not available. (flammable) limits : Upper: Not available.

Vapor pressure: Not available.Vapor density: Not available.Relative density: Not available.Solubility: Not available.Solubility in water: insoluble in water.

Partition coefficient: n- Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.Decomposition temperature: Not available.SADT: Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic: Not available.

Kinematic: Not available.

Aerosol product

Heat of combustion : Not available.



350CMVP PANTONE(R) 350 C SIMULATION

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/09/2020 Page 8 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2020

Ignition distance Enclosed space ignition - Time

equivalent

Enclosed space ignition -

Deflagration density

Flame height Flame duration Not available.
Not available.

Not available.

Not available.Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see

Section 7).

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will

not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.

Incompatible materials : Avoid contact with acetal homopolymers and acetyl homopolymers

during processing.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition

products should not be produced.

Prolonged heating may result in product degradation. As a general rule of thumb, degradation begins to occur after one hour at 177 °C (350 °F), after 10 minutes at 204 °C (400 °F), and within 5 minutes at 232 °C (450 °F). Do not use this pigment in polymers at temperatures over 200°C (392°F). Decomposition of diarylide pigments in polymers at temperatures over 200°C (392°F) may produce trace amounts of monoazo dyes, which in turn can decompose to produce aromatic amines. The amount and type of degradation products formed depend on the dwell time, formulation and processing conditions as well as temperature. As conditions become more severe, as when temperatures move into the 240-300°C (464-572°F) range, trace quantities of 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine can be generated. 3,3'dichlorobenzidine is classified as a suspect carcinogen by NTP and IARC, is classified as Acute Toxicity category 4 and Carcinogen Category 1B according to 1272/2008EC (CLP), and is regulated by OSHA as a suspect carcinogen. In order to avoid the generation of and exposure to 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine, do not use diarylide pigments in polymers when temperatures exceed 200°C (392°F). Handle with care. Organic dusts have the potential to be explosive with static spark or flame initiation.

Section 11. Toxicological information



350CMVP PANTONE(R) 350 C SIMULATION

 Version Number 1.5
 Page 9 of 18

 Revision Date 01/09/2020
 Print Date 01/10/2020

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, cobalt	t(2+) salt (2:1)				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1,220 mg/kg	=	
Remarks - Inhalation:	No applicable toxic	city data			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5,000 mg/kg	-	
Carbon black					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15,400 mg/kg	=	
Remarks - Inhalation:	No applicable toxicity data				
Remarks - Dermal:	No applicable toxicity data				
Titanium dioxide					
Remarks - Oral:	No applicable toxicity data				
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-	

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation	1
Titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild	Human		72 hrs	-	i
	irritant					

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Eyes: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

9/18



350CMVP PANTONE(R) 350 C SIMULATION

Version Number 1.5 Page 10 of 18 Revision Date 01/09/2020 Print Date 01/10/2020

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-,	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
cobalt(2+) salt (2:1)			
Carbon black	-	2B	-
Titanium dioxide	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture. Not fully tested.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of

Not available.

exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: No specific data.Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure



350CMVP PANTONE(R) 350 C SIMULATION

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/09/2020 Page 11 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2020

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

General:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Carcinogenicity:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects:No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, cobalt	t(2+) salt (2:1)		
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data		
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	No applicable toxicity data		
invertebrates.:			
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	No applicable toxicity data		
plants:			
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data		
Remarks - Chronic -	No applicable toxicity data		
Aquatic invertebrates.:			
Carbon black			



350CMVP PANTONE(R) 350 C SIMULATION

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/09/2020 Page 12 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2020

D 1 4 4 E1	NI 11 11 - 4 1 - 4 1 - 4 -		1		
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data				
	Acute EC50 37.563 Mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h		
	water	Daphnia			
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	Acute				
invertebrates.:					
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	No applicable toxicity data				
plants:					
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data				
Remarks - Chronic -	No applicable toxicity data				
Aquatic invertebrates.:					
Titanium dioxide					
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l Marine	Fish - Fish	96 h		
	water				
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	Acute				
	Acute LC50 3 Mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h		
		Crustaceans			
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	Acute				
invertebrates.:					
	Acute LC50 6.5 Mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h		
		Daphnia			
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	Acute				
invertebrates.:					
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	No applicable toxicity data				
plants:					
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data				
Remarks - Chronic -	No applicable toxicity data				
Aquatic invertebrates.:					
350CMVP PANTONE(R) 350	C SIMULATION				
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the polymer matrix.				
invertebrates.:					
0 1 1 10	G1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 111 1 1			

Conclusion/Summary

: Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the polymer matrix.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

: Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the polymer matrix.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.



350CMVP PANTONE(R) 350 C SIMULATION

Version Number 1.5 Page 13 of 18 Revision Date 01/09/2020 Print Date 01/10/2020

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

(KOC)

Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever **Disposal methods**

Not available.

possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and

contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

U.S.DOT 49CFR : Not regulated for transportation. Ground/Air/Water

International Air ICAO/IATA

: Consult mode specific transport rules

International Water

IMO/IMDG

: Consult mode specific transport rules

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None

of the components are listed.

United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed



350CMVP PANTONE(R) 350 C SIMULATION

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/09/2020 Page 14 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2020

United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed

United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed Phenol

1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, butyl phenylmethylester

1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,2-diethyl ester

Phthalocyanine green

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -

Hazardous substances: Listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed

United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical:

Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I

Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II

Substances

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor

Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential

Chemicals)

Listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed



Page 15 of 18

350CMVP PANTONE(R) 350 C SIMULATION

Version Number 1.5 Print Date 01/10/2020 Revision Date 01/09/2020

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

SARA 311/312

Classification Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

Name	%	Classification
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, cobalt(2+) salt (2:1)	> 0 - <= 0.3	ACUTE TOXICITY - oral - Category 4 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Fertility - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Unborn child - Category 2
Carbon black	> 0 - <= 0.3	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Titanium dioxide	>= 1 - <= 3	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

SARA 313

Form R - Reporting requirements

Product name	CAS number	%
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, cobalt(2+) salt (2:1)	136-52-7	> 0 - <= 0.3

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts None of the components are listed. None of the components are listed. New York **New Jersey** The following components are listed:

Calcium carbonate

Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer

Titanium dioxide Phthalocyanine green



350CMVP PANTONE(R) 350 C SIMULATION

Version Number 1.5 Page 16 of 18 Revision Date 01/09/2020 Print Date 01/10/2020

Carbon black

Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, cobalt(2+) salt (2:1)

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed:

Phthalocyanine green

Carbon black

Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, cobalt(2+) salt (2:1)

Titanium dioxide

Calcium carbonate

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Carbon black, Titanium dioxide, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Carbon black	-	-
Titanium dioxide	-	-

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

Canada inventory : At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components

are listed in NDSL.

International regulations

Inventory list

Australia : Not determined.

Canada : At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components

are listed in NDSL.

China : Not determined.

Europe inventory : At least one component is not listed in EINECS but all such

components are listed in ELINCS.

Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of

this material.

JapanNot determined.New ZealandNot determined.PhilippinesNot determined.Republic of KoreaNot determined.TaiwanNot determined.TurkeyNot determined.

16/18



350CMVP PANTONE(R) 350 C SIMULATION

 Version Number 1.5
 Page 17 of 18

 Revision Date 01/09/2020
 Print Date 01/10/2020

United States : All components are active or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	/	0
Flammability		0
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

History

Date of printing: 01/10/2020Date of issue/Date of revision: 01/09/2020Date of previous issue: 06/15/2016

Version : 1.5

Key to abbreviations: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From

Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine

pollution)

UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that



350CMVP PANTONE(R) 350 C SIMULATION

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/09/2020 Page 18 of 18 Print Date 01/10/2020

exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.