

POLYONE CORPORATION**MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET****STAN-TONE CABERNET**Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 03/30/2014Page 1 of 8
Print Date 4/9/2014**1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION****POLYONE CORPORATION**
8155 Cobb Center Drive, Kennesaw, GA 30152Telephone : 1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (866) POLYONE
Emergency telephone : CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure
number : or accident).Product name : STAN-TONE CABERNET
Product code : FO20026053
Chemical Name : Mixture
CAS-No. : Mixture
Product Use : Industrial Applications**2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Components	CAS-No.	Weight percent
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	0.1 - 1
Carbon black	1333-86-4	1 - 5
Kaolin	1332-58-7	10 - 30

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. All ingredients are bound and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. Do not use this pigment in polymers at temperatures over 200°C (392°F). Decomposition of diarylide pigments in polymers at temperatures over 200°C (392°F) may produce trace amounts of monoazo dyes, which in turn can decompose to produce aromatic amines. The amount and type of degradation products formed depend on the dwell time, formulation and processing conditions as well as temperature. As conditions become more severe, as when temperatures move into the 240-300°C (464-572°F) range, trace quantities of 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine can be generated. 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine is classified as a suspect carcinogen by NTP and IARC, is classified as Acute Toxicity category 4 and Carcinogen Category 1B according to 1272/2008EC (CLP), and is regulated by OSHA as a suspect carcinogen. In order to avoid the generation of and exposure to 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine, do not use diarylide pigments in polymers when temperatures exceed 200°C (392°F). Handle with care. Organic dusts have the potential to be explosive with static spark or flame initiation.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

POLYONE CORPORATION

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE CABERNET

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 03/30/2014

Page 2 of 8
Print Date 4/9/2014

Routes of Exposure: : Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact

Acute exposure

- Inhalation : Resin particles, like other inert materials, can be mechanically irritating.
- Ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed.
- Eyes : Resin particles, like other inert materials, are mechanically irritating to eyes.
- Skin : Experience shows no unusual dermatitis hazard from routine handling.

Chronic exposure : Refer to Section 11 for Toxicological Information.

Medical Conditions : None known.

Aggravated by Exposure:

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- Inhalation : Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of fumes from overheating or combustion. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
- Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
- Eyes : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, seek medical attention.
- Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists seek medical attention.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- Flash point : not applicable
- Flammable Limits
 - Upper explosion limit : not applicable
 - Lower explosion limit : not applicable
- Auto-ignition temperature : Not relevant
- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray, Dry powder, Foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2).
- Special Fire Fighting Procedures : Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in positive pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants.
- Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NOx), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

POLYONE CORPORATION

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE CABERNET

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 03/30/2014

Page 3 of 8
Print Date 4/9/2014

- Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as impervious gloves, boots and coveralls.
- Environmental precautions : Should not be released into the environment. The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
- Methods for cleaning up : Clean up promptly by sweeping or vacuum. Package all material in plastic, cardboard or metal containers for disposal. Refer to Section 13 of this MSDS for proper disposal methods.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Handling : Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Heat only in areas with appropriate exhaust ventilation.
- Storage : Keep containers dry and tightly closed to avoid moisture absorption and contamination. Keep in a dry, cool place.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

- Respiratory protection : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required when handling the product itself. See "Engineering Measures" section below for precautions to be taken when heating or processing this material.
- Eye/Face Protection : Safety glasses with side-shields
- Hand protection : Protective gloves
- Skin and body protection : Long sleeved clothing
- Additional Protective Measures : Safety shoes
- General Hygiene Considerations : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.
- Engineering measures : Heat only in areas with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Adequate ventilation and/or appropriate respiratory protection may also be necessary to minimize employee exposure to processing vapors.

Exposure limit(s)

POLYONE CORPORATION

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE CABERNET

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 03/30/2014

Page 4 of 8
Print Date 4/9/2014

Components	Value	Exposure time	Exposure type	List:
Carbon black	3.5 mg/m3	Recommended exposure limit (REL):		NIOSH
	0.1 mg/m3	Recommended exposure limit (REL):		NIOSH
	3.5 mg/m3	PEL:		OSHA Z1
	3.5 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		OSHA Z1A
	3.5 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		MX OEL
	7 mg/m3	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		MX OEL
	3 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Inhalable fraction.	ACGIH
Kaolin	2 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Respirable fraction.	ACGIH
	10 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		MX OEL
	20 mg/m3	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		MX OEL
	5 mg/m3	PEL:	Respirable fraction.	OSHA Z1
	15 mg/m3	PEL:	Total dust.	OSHA Z1
	Titanium dioxide	10 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	
15 mg/m3		PEL:	Total dust.	OSHA Z1
10 mg/m3		Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Total dust.	OSHA Z1A
10 mg/m3		Time Weighted Average (TWA):	as Ti	MX OEL
20 mg/m3		Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	as Ti	MX OEL

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form	: solid	Evaporation rate	: Not applicable
Appearance	: pellets, Slabs, sheets	Specific Gravity	: Not determined
Colour	: RED	Bulk density	: Not established
Odour	: Characteristic rubber odor	Vapour pressure	: not applicable
Melting point/range	: Not determined	Vapour density	: not applicable
Boiling Point:	: not applicable	pH	: not applicable
Water solubility	: insoluble		

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability	: Stable
Hazardous Polymerization	: Will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Keep away from oxidizing agents and open flame. To avoid thermal

POLYONE CORPORATION

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE CABERNET

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 03/30/2014

Page 5 of 8
Print Date 4/9/2014

decomposition, do not overheat.

- Incompatible Materials : Incompatible with strong acids and oxidizing agents.
- Hazardous decomposition products : Carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NO_x), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. Do not use this pigment in polymers at temperatures over 200°C (392°F). Decomposition of diarylide pigments in polymers at temperatures over 200°C (392°F) may produce trace amounts of monoazo dyes, which in turn can decompose to produce aromatic amines. The amount and type of degradation products formed depend on the dwell time, formulation and processing conditions as well as temperature. As conditions become more severe, as when temperatures move into the 240-300°C (464-572°F) range, trace quantities of 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine can be generated. 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine is classified as a suspect carcinogen by NTP and IARC, is classified as Acute Toxicity category 4 and Carcinogen Category 1B according to 1272/2008EC (CLP), and is regulated by OSHA as a suspect carcinogen. In order to avoid the generation of and exposure to 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine, do not use diarylide pigments in polymers when temperatures exceed 200°C (392°F). Handle with care. Organic dusts have the potential to be explosive with static spark or flame initiation.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Toxicity Overview

This product contains the following components which in their pure form have the following characteristics:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Effect	Target Organ
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	Systemic effects	Respiratory system.
1333-86-4	Carbon black	Systemic effects	Eyes, Respiratory system.
1332-58-7	Kaolin	Systemic effects	Respiratory system, digestive system.

LC50 / LD50

This product contains the following components which, in their pure form, have the following toxicity data:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Route	Value	Species
1333-86-4	Carbon black	Oral LD50	> 15,400 mg/kg	rat
		Dermal LD50	> 3 gm/kg	rabbit
1332-58-7	Kaolin	Oral LD50	5,000 mg/kg	rat
		Dermal LD50	5,000 mg/kg	rat

Carcinogenicity

This product contains the following components which, in their pure form, have the following carcinogenicity data:

POLYONE CORPORATION

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE CABERNET

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 03/30/2014

Page 6 of 8
Print Date 4/9/2014

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	no	2B	no

IARC Carcinogen Classifications:

- 1 - The component is carcinogenic to humans.
- 2A - The component is probably carcinogenic to humans.
- 2B - The component is possibly carcinogenic to humans.

NTP Carcinogen Classifications:

- 1 - The component is known to be a human carcinogen.
- 2 - The component is reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Additional Health Hazard Information:

Carbon black 1333-86-4 Carcinogenicity: Many inhalation toxicologists believe that the tumor response observed in the referenced rat studies is species specific and does not correlate to human exposure. However, the IARC evaluation in Monograph Volume 65, issued in April 1996 concluded that, "There is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of carbon black". Based on this evaluation, along with their evaluation of inadequate evidence of carcinogenicity in humans, IARC's overall evaluation is that "Carbon Black is possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B). The IARC 2B listing only pertains to airborne, unbound carbon black particles of respirable size. Carbon Black has not been listed as a carcinogen by the National Toxicology Program (NTP) or the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA). The National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) criteria document on carbon black recommends that only carbon black with PAH (polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon) levels greater than 0.1% be considered suspect carcinogens.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

- Persistence and degradability : Not readily biodegradable.
- Environmental Toxicity : Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the polymer matrix.
- Bioaccumulation Potential : Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the polymer matrix.
- Additional advice : not applicable

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Product : Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. The generator of waste material has the responsibility for proper waste classification, transportation and disposal in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial and local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging : Recycling is preferred when possible. The generator of waste material has the responsibility for proper waste classification, transportation and disposal in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial and local regulations.

POLYONE CORPORATION

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE CABERNET

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 03/30/2014

Page 7 of 8
Print Date 4/9/2014

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT Classification : Not regulated for transportation.
ICAO/IATA : Not regulated for transportation.
IMO/IMDG (maritime) : Not regulated for transportation.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Regulations:

OSHA Status : Classified as hazardous based on components.
TSCA Status : All components of this product are listed on or exempt from the TSCA Inventory.

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

California Proposition : Not applicable
65

SARA Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

Unless specific chemicals are identified under this section, this product is Not Applicable under this regulation

SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Unless specific chemicals are identified under this section, this product is Not Applicable under this regulation

Canadian Regulations:

National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)

not applicable

WHMIS Classification : D2A

WHMIS Ingredient Disclosure List

CAS-No.

POLYONE CORPORATION

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE CABERNET

Version Number 1.1
Revision Date 03/30/2014

Page 8 of 8
Print Date 4/9/2014

1333-86-4

DSL : All components of this product are on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are exempt.

National Inventories:

Australia AICS : Not determined
China IECS : Not determined
Europe EINECS : Listed
Japan ENCS : Not determined
Korea KECI : Not determined
Philippines PICCS : Not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.