

## **AZO YELLOW**

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/10/2016

Page 1 of 16 Print Date 08/11/2016

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### **AZO YELLOW**

## **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS** product identifier AZO YELLOW

Mixture **Chemical name** CAS number Mixture Other means of identification FO20029719 **Product type** liquid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use Industrial applications. Plastics.

POLYONE CORPORATION Supplier's details

1675 Navarre Road SW, Massillon,

Ohio USA 44646

1 330 837 8679

**Emergency telephone number** 

(with hours of operation)

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or

accident).

## Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. Some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

**OSHA/HCS** status This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or

mixture

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

**GHS** label elements



**AZO YELLOW** 

Version Number 1.1 Page 2 of 16 Revision Date 08/10/2016 Print Date 08/11/2016

Hazard pictograms

❖

Signal word : Warning

**Hazard statements** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Precautionary statements** 

**General** : Not applicable.

**Prevention**: Wear protective gloves. Avoid breathing vapor. Contaminated work

clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

**Response**: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs:

Get medical attention.

**Storage** : Not applicable.

**Disposal**: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

**Supplemental label elements**: None known. **Hazards not otherwise classified**: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: MixtureChemical name: MixtureOther means of identification: FO20029719

**CAS** number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.1 - 0.3	95-50-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.



## **AZO YELLOW**

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/10/2016 Page 3 of 16 Print Date 08/11/2016

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the

upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if

irritation occurs.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical

surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact**: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing

and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes

thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim

to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie,

belt or waistband.

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.



## **AZO YELLOW**

Version Number 1.1 Page 4 of 16 Revision Date 08/10/2016 Print Date 08/11/2016

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion** : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

**Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms

may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under

medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# **Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or  $CO_2$ .

None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container

may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds

Special protective actions for firefighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity

of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any

personal risk or without suitable training.



### **AZO YELLOW**

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/10/2016 Page 5 of 16 Print Date 08/11/2016

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is

inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See

also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions**: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil,

waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil

or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with

water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate

waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal

contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach

release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency

contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling



## **AZO YELLOW**

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/10/2016 Page 6 of 16 Print Date 08/11/2016

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)	
	Ceiling, is a a limit indicating the maximum concentration of a	
	chemical substances in the breathing zone that should not be exceeded.	
	300 mg/m3 50 ppm	
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)	
	Ceiling, is a a limit indicating the maximum concentration of a	
	chemical substances in the breathing zone that should not be exceeded.	
	300 mg/m3 50 ppm	
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)	
	Ceiling, is a a limit indicating the maximum concentration of a	
	chemical substances in the breathing zone that should not be exceeded.	
	300 mg/m3 50 ppm	
	ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18)	
	TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:	



### **AZO YELLOW**

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/10/2016 Page 7 of 16 Print Date 08/11/2016

	Permissible Exposure Level 150 mg/m3 25 ppm <b>TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Time Exposure Level</b> 301 mg/m3 50 ppm
Annronriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker

exposure to airborne contaminants.

**Environmental exposure controls** 

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection** 

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

7/16



## **AZO YELLOW**

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/10/2016

Page 8 of 16 Print Date 08/11/2016

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying Respiratory protection

> with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits

of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state liquid [Paste.] Color YELLOW Not available. Odor **Odor threshold** Not available. Not available. pН Not available. **Melting point Boiling point** Not available. Flash point Not available. **Burning time** Not available. **Burning** rate Not available. **Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Lower and upper explosive Lower: Not available. (flammable) limits **Upper:** Not available.

Vapor pressure Not available. Vapor density Not available. **Relative density** Not available. Not available. **Solubility** Solubility in water Not available. Partition coefficient: n-Not available.

octanol/water

Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** Not available. **SADT** Not available.

Viscosity Dynamic: Not available.

**Kinematic:** Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see **Chemical stability** 

Section 7).

Possibility of hazardous reactions Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will



**AZO YELLOW** 

Version Number 1.1 Page 9 of 16 Revision Date 08/10/2016 Print Date 08/11/2016

not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.

**Incompatible materials** : Keep away from strong acids.

Oxidizer.

**Hazardous decomposition** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition

**products** products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

#### **Information on toxicological effects**

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1,2-Dichlorobenzene				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	8.15 mg/l	4 h
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	1,532 ppm	6 h
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10,000 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin:Mixture.Not fully tested.Eyes:Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory:Mixture.Not fully tested.

#### **Sensitization**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	Skin	Rabbit	Sensitizing

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

#### **Carcinogenicity**



## **AZO YELLOW**

Version Number 1.1 Page 10 of 16 Revision Date 08/10/2016 Print Date 08/11/2016

**Conclusion/Summary**: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Classification

Product/ingredient	OSHA	IARC	NTP
name			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		3	

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture. Not fully tested.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

#### **Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

**Information on the likely routes of** :

exposure

Not available.

## Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion** : No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

## **Short term exposure**



## **AZO YELLOW**

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/10/2016 Page 11 of 16 Print Date 08/11/2016

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Oral	25,125.6 mg/kg

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1,2-Dichlorobenzene		
Acute LC50 7,300 μg/l Marine		Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute EC50 1.55 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 1,610 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
Acute LC50 4.5 mg/l Fresh water		Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 5.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 2,400 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Daphnia	



## **AZO YELLOW**

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/10/2016 Page 12 of 16 Print Date 08/11/2016

Acute LC50 2,200 μg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h
Acute EC50 740 μg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h
Acute LC50 10,300 μg/l Marine water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h
Acute LC50 4.52 mg/l Marine water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h
Acute EC50 2,200 μg/l	Aquatic plants - Algae	96 h
Acute EC50 71.100 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic plants - Green	96 h
water	algae	
Acute EC50 16.9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Algae	72 h
Acute EC50 12.8 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Algae	72 h
Acute EC50 16.2 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Algae	72 h
Acute EC50 13.1 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Algae	72 h
Chronic NOEC 0.63 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	21 d
water	Daphnia	
Chronic NOEC 630 µg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	21 d
water	Daphnia	

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	3.38	150.00	low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient

: Not available.

(KOC)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever

possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable



### **AZO YELLOW**

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/10/2016 Page 13 of 16 Print Date 08/11/2016

products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

# Section 14. Transport information

U.S. DOT Classification : Not regulated for transportation.

ICAO/IATA : Consult mode specific transport rules

IMO/IMDG (maritime) : Consult mode specific transport rules

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None

of the components are listed.

United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a) - Priority risk review: Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not

listed

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules:

Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not

determined

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report

(PAIR): Listed 1,2-Dichlorobenzene



## **AZO YELLOW**

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/10/2016 Page 14 of 16 Print Date 08/11/2016

United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR):

Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority

pollutants: Listed 1,2-Dichlorobenzene

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -

Hazardous substances: Listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed

**United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical:** 

Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)

Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I

**Substances** 

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II

Substances

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor** 

Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential** 

**Chemicals**)

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.1 - 0.3	АН

#### **SARA 313**

Not applicable.

**State regulations** 

Massachusetts: None of the components are listed.New York: None of the components are listed.

14/16



## **AZO YELLOW**

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/10/2016 Page 15 of 16 Print Date 08/11/2016

New Jersey: None of the components are listed.Pennsylvania: None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65

This PolyOne product does not contain any chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, or birth defects or other reproductive harm, in concentrations that require a warning notice under California's Proposition 65. This statement relies in part on information provided by the buyer of this PolyOne product. PolyOne does not control or have complete knowledge of the end uses to which that buyer or any other entity in the chain of distribution and marketing may put this PolyOne product. Therefore, the buyer of this PolyOne product, each entity that uses this PolyOne product in formulating another product, and each entity in the chain of distribution and marketing of any product that includes the material in this PolyOne product must make its own decision as to giving a Proposition 65 warning.

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Canada inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

**International regulations** 

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): All components are listed or exempted.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined. EINECS: All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

**Korea inventory:** All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components

are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or

exempted.

**Chemical Weapons Convention** 

**List Schedule I Chemicals** 

**Chemical Weapons Convention** 

List Schedule II Chemicals

**Chemical Weapons Convention** 

List Schedule III Chemicals

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

## **Section 16. Other information**

**History** 

Date of printing: 08/11/2016Date of issue/Date of revision: 08/10/2016Date of previous issue: 06/14/2012

Version : 1.1

**Key to abbreviations**: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor



## **AZO YELLOW**

Version Number 1.1 Revision Date 08/10/2016 Page 16 of 16 Print Date 08/11/2016

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine

pollution)

UN = United Nations

**References** : Not available.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.