

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 05/29/2015

Page 1 of 15 Print Date 05/30/2015

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Geon<sup>™</sup> MB2968 LOW THERMAL EXPANSION

Section 1. Identification		
GHS product identifier Chemical name	:	Geon™ MB2968 LOW THERMAL EXPANSION Mixture
CAS number	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	FO20035527
Product type	:	liquid
<u>Relevant identified uses of the subs</u> Product use	stance :	e or mixture and uses advised against Industrial applications. Plastics.
Supplier's details	:	POLYONE CORPORATION   33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012   1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (866) POLYONE
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	<b>CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).</b> CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

### Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Information provided on health effects of this product is based on the individual components. However, some vapors or contaminants may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. See sections 8 and 11 for special precautions. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4

#### **GHS label elements**



Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 05/29/2015 Page 2 of 15 Print Date 05/30/2015

Hazard pictograms:Signal word:Hazard statements:Harmful if swallowed.

**Precautionary statements** 

General Prevention	:	Not applicable. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands
Response	:	thoroughly after handling. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
Storage Disposal	:	Not applicable. Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture:MixtureChemical name:MixtureOther means of identification:FO20035527

#### CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Copper oxide (CuO)	30 - 60	1317-38-0
Copper oxide (Cu2O)	1 - 5	1317-39-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.



Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 05/29/2015 Page 3 of 15 Print Date 05/30/2015

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	Harmful if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Eye contact	:	No specific data.
		3/15



Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 05/29/2015 Page 4 of 15 Print Date 05/30/2015

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	:	No specific data. No specific data. No specific data.
Indication of immediate medical	attentio	n and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or $CO_2$ . None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl). Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire- fighters Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Version Number 1.0



Page 5 of 15

## SAFETY DATA SHEET Geon™ MB2968 LOW THERMAL EXPANSION

Revision Date 05/29/2015		Print Date 05/30/2015
For non-emergency personnel	suita unpro spille	ction shall be taken involving any personal risk or without ble training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and otected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through ed material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate lation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is
For emergency responders	inade If spe any i	equate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. ecialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	wate	d dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, rways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the act has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil .).
Methods and materials for containm	nt and clea	aning up
Small spill	water insol waste	leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water- uble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal actor.
Large spill	relea baser plant comb diato local dispo same	leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach se from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, ments or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- bustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or maceous earth and place in container for disposal according to regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste osal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency act information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling		
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this

5/15



Version Number 1.0	Page 6 of 15
Revision Date 05/29/2015	Print Date 05/30/2015

hygiene		material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
Copper oxide (CuO)		NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) Calculated as Cu Time Weighted Average (TWA) 0.1 mg/m3 Form: Fume
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls :		Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the 6/15



Version Number 1.0	Page 7 of 15
Revision Date 05/29/2015	Print Date 05/30/2015

following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

#### **Skin protection**

Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state	:	liquid [liquid]
Color	:	BLACK
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not available.
(flammable) limits		<b>Upper:</b> Not available.



### Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 05/29/2015

### Page 8 of 15 Print Date 05/30/2015

Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-	:	Not available.
octanol/water		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Dynamic: Not available.
		Kinematic: Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.
Incompatible materials	:	Avoid contact with acetal homopolymers and acetyl homopolymers during processing.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

#### **Information on toxicological effects**

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Copper oxide (CuO)				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	470 mg/kg	-
Copper oxide (Cu2O)				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	470 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Mix	ture.Not fully teste	ed.	



### Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 05/29/2015

Page 9 of 15 Print Date 05/30/2015

#### Irritation/Corrosion

		9/15
Eye contact Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential acute health effects		
Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Aspiration hazard Not available.		
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated on the second sec	ated	exposure)
Specific target organ toxicity (single Not available.	e exp	<u>oosure)</u>
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
<u>Teratogenicity</u>		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
Carcinogenicity	•	
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>		
Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory	:	Mixture.Not fully tested. Mixture.Not fully tested.
Sensitization		
Eyes Respiratory	:	Mixture.Not fully tested. Mixture.Not fully tested.
Skin	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.



### Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 05/29/2015

Page 10 of 15 Print Date 05/30/2015

Skin contact Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. Harmful if swallowed.		
Symptoms related to the physical, ch	iemic	cal and toxicological characteristics		
Eye contact	:	No specific data.		
Inhalation	:	No specific data.		
Skin contact	:	No specific data.		
Ingestion	:	No specific data.		
Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure				
Short term exposure				
Potential immediate effects		Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.		
Long term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.		
Potential chronic health effects				
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.		
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	1,355 mg/kg

## Section 12. Ecological information



Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 05/29/2015

Page 11 of 15 Print Date 05/30/2015

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Copper oxide (CuO)	·	· _	
	Acute LC50 > 56,000 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Western	96 h
	water	mosquitofish	
	Acute LC50 2.6 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Water flea	
	Acute LC50 131.8 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Water flea	
Copper oxide (Cu2O)			
	Acute LC50 0.075 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Zebra danio	96 h
	water		
	Acute EC50 0.042 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Water flea	
	Acute EC50 30 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Green	96 h
		algae	
	Acute IC50 0.71 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Green	96 h
		algae	
	Acute EC50 1,300 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Green	96 h
		algae	
	Acute EC50 230 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Green	96 h
		algae	
	Acute EC50 60 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Green	96 h
		algae	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		

#### Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential		
Mobility in soil		
Soil/water partition coefficient	:	Not available.
(KOC) Other adverse effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products



Version Number 1.0
Revision Date 05/29/2015

### Page 12 of 15 Print Date 05/30/2015

should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

### **Section 14. Transport information**

U.S. DOT Classification	:	Not regulated for transportation.
ICAO/IATA	:	Consult mode specific transport rules
IMO/IMDG (maritime)	:	Consult mode specific transport rules

### Section 15. Regulatory information

of the c United United United United United Iisted United Not list United United United United United United United	States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: Nonecomponents are listed.States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listedStates - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listedStates - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listedStates - TSCA 4(a) - Priority risk review: Not listedStates - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listedStates - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: NotStates - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules:tedStates - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listedStates - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listedStates - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listedStates - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listedStates - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listedStates - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listedStates - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listedStates - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listedStates - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listedStates - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listedStates - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listedStates - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not
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Version Number 1.0	Page 13 of 15
Revision Date 05/29/2015	Print Date 05/30/2015

		determined United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Not listed United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed Copper oxide (CuO) Copper oxide (Cu2O) Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds Copper Vinyl chloride monomer
		United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 - Hazardous substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	:	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	:	Not listed

#### US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

### SARA 311/312

Classification

: Immediate (acute) health hazard

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Copper oxide (CuO)	30 - 60	AH



Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 05/29/2015 Page 14 of 15 Print Date 05/30/2015

Copper oxide (Cu2O)	1 - 5	АН

#### SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%	
Form R - ReportingCopper oxide (CuO)requirementsCopper oxide (CuO)		1317-38-0	30 - 60	
	Copper oxide (Cu2O)	1317-39-1	1 - 5	
Supplier notification	Copper oxide (CuO)	1317-38-0	30 - 60	
	Copper oxide (Cu2O)	1317-39-1	1 - 5	

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

The following components are listed:

#### State regulations Massachusetts

		Talc
New York	:	None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	:	The following components are listed:
		Copper oxide (CuO)
		Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer
		Talc
		Copper oxide (Cu2O)
Pennsylvania	:	The following components are listed:
-		Copper oxide (CuO)
		Talc

:

Copper oxide (Cu2O)

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory	:	Not determined.
International regulations		
International lists	:	Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined. Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.



Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 05/29/2015 Page 15 of 15 Print Date 05/30/2015

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined. EINECS: Not determined. Japan inventory: Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Korea inventory: Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

Chemical Weapons Convention
List Schedule I Chemicals
Chemical Weapons Convention
List Schedule II Chemicals
Chemical Weapons Convention
List Schedule III Chemicals

Not listed

Not listed

: Not listed

### **Section 16. Other information**

#### **History**

History		
Date of printing	:	05/30/2015
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	05/29/2015
Date of previous issue	:	00/00/0000
Version	:	1.0
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
		MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.