### CORE™ SK422 Orange

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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### CORE™ SK422 Orange

Section 1. Identification		
GHS product identifier Chemical name CAS number Other means of identification Product type	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	CORE <sup>™</sup> SK422 Orange Mixture Mixture FO20050096 liquid
<u>Relevant identified uses of the substa</u> Product use	ance :	or mixture and uses advised against Industrial applications. Plastics.
Supplier's details	:	AVIENT CORPORATION 33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012
		1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (844) 4AVIENT
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

## Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Information provided on health effects of this product is based on the individual components. However, some vapors or contaminants may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. See sections 8 and 11 for special precautions. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

#### **GHS label elements**

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Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word Hazard statements	:	Warning May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Not applicable. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must
Response	:	not be allowed out of the workplace. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:	None known.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known. Not available.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	FO20050096

#### CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Epoxy Sulfonamide Resin	>= 10 - <= 25	4-81-9
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light arom.	>= 10 - <= 25	64742-95-6



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Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-	>= 5 - <= 10	95-63-6
2-Hydroxy-4-n-octoxybenzophenone	>= 1 - <= 3	1843-05-6
2-Amino-2-methylpropanol	>= 1 - <= 3	124-68-5
Cumene	>= 0.3 - < 1	98-82-8
Ethyl benzene	> 0 - <= 0.3	100-41-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be

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kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	:	Causes serious eye irritation. No known significant effects or critical hazards. May cause an allergic skin reaction. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Over-exposure signs/symptoms</b>		
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Indication of immediate medical a	attentio	n and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

:

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or  $CO_2$ .

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Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl). Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds
Special protective actions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is
For emergency responders	:	inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for contain	ment a	nd cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach
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release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

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#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Epoxy Sulfonamide Resin	None.
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light arom.	None.
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 125 mg/m3 25 ppm OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 125 mg/m3 25 ppm ACGIH TLV (1994-09-01) TWA 123 mg/m3 25 ppm
2-Hydroxy-4-n-octoxybenzophenone	None.
2-Amino-2-methylpropanol	None.
Cumene	ACGIH TLV (2021-01-07) TWA 5 ppm NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) Absorbed through skin. TWA 245 mg/m3 50 ppm OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) Absorbed through skin. TWA 245 mg/m3 50 ppm OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) Absorbed through skin. TWA 245 mg/m3 50 ppm
Ethyl benzene	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 435 mg/m3 100 ppm STEL 545 mg/m3 125 ppm OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 435 mg/m3 100 ppm NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 435 mg/m3 100 ppm STEL 545 mg/m3 125 ppm ACGIH TLV (2010-12-06) Ototoxicant TWA 20 ppm

Appropriate engineering controls	:	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any
Environmental exposure controls	:	recommended or statutory limits. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of
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		environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

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Physical state	:	liquid [liquid]
Color	:	ORANGE
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not available.
(flammable) limits		Upper: Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-		
Partition coefficient: n-	:	Not applicable.
octanol/water	:	Not applicable.
	:	Not applicable. Not available.
octanol/water		
octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature		Not available.
octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature	:	Not available. Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.
Incompatible materials	:	Avoid contact with acetal homopolymers and acetyl homopolymers during processing.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

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#### Acute toxicity **Product/ingredient name** Result Exposure Species Dose Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. 8,400 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat -Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-LD50 Oral 5,000 mg/kg Rat -18 Mg/l LC50 Inhalation Rat 4 h Vapor Methanone, [2-hydroxy-4-(octyloxy)phenyl]phenyl-LD50 Oral Rat 10,000 mg/kg \_ LD50 Dermal Rabbit 10,000 mg/kg -1-Propanol, 2-amino-2-methyl-LD50 Oral 2,900 mg/kg Rat \_ Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-LD50 Oral Rat 1,400 mg/kg \_ LC50 Inhalation 39 Mg/l 4 h Rat Vapor Benzene, ethyl-LD50 Oral Rat 3,500 mg/kg -LD50 Dermal Rabbit 5,000 mg/kg \_

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Mixture.Not fully tested.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
1-Propanol, 2-amino-2- methyl-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-		-
Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-
Benzene, ethyl-	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-		-

Conclusion/Summary		
Skin	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
Eyes	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
Respiratory	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.

:

#### **Sensitization**

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Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory	:	Mixture.Not fully tested. Mixture.Not fully tested.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
Benzene, ethyl-	-	2B	-

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
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#### **Teratogenicity**

Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
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#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Benzene, ethyl-	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

# Information on the likely routes of : Not available. exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

es serious eye irritation.
nown significant effects or critical hazards.
cause an allergic skin reaction.
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Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the physical, ch	nemi	cal and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact		Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effects and a	also d	chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effects		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity		Not available.
Developmental effects	:	Not available.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation (gases)	Inhalation (vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists)
CORE <sup>™</sup> SK422 Orange	44475 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	234.4 Mg/l	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	8400 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-	5000 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	18 Mg/l	N/A
Methanone, [2-hydroxy-4- (octyloxy)phenyl]phenyl-	10000 mg/kg	10000 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A
1-Propanol, 2-amino-2- methyl-	2900 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-	1400 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	39 Mg/l	N/A
Benzene, ethyl-	3500 mg/kg	5000 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### Other information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

## Section 12. Ecological information

:

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-			
	Acute LC50 7.72 Mg/l Fresh	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 4.91 Mg/l Marine	Crustaceans - Elasmopus	48 h
	water	pectenicrus	
Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-	·	÷ •	•
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Acute LC50 0.0027 Mg/l Fresh	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 h
	water		
	Acute EC50 7.4 Mg/l Marine	Crustaceans - Artemia sp.	48 h
	water		
	Acute EC50 10.6 Mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 h
	water		
Benzene, ethyl-	·		
· · · ·	Acute LC50 4.2 Mg/l Fresh	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 h
	water	5	
	Acute EC50 6.53 Mg/l Marine	Crustaceans - Artemia sp.	48 h
	water		
	Acute EC50 2.93 Mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 h
	water		
	Acute EC50 4.9 Mg/l Marine	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 h
	water		
	Acute EC50 7.7 Mg/l Marine	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 h
	water		

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Conclusion/Summary : Not available. Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	-	10.00 - 2,500.00	high
arom.			
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-	3.63	243.00	low
Methanone, [2-hydroxy-4-	6	99.00	low
(octyloxy)phenyl]phenyl-			
1-Propanol, 2-amino-2-methyl-	-0.63	320.00	low
Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-	3.55	35.48	low
Benzene, ethyl-	3.6	-	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC)		Not available.	
Other adverse effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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#### United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

## Section 14. Transport information

U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water	:	Not regulated for transportation.
International Air ICAO/IATA	:	Consult mode specific transport rules
International Water IMO/IMDG	:	Consult mode specific transport rules

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	<ul> <li>United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None of the components are listed.</li> <li>United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Listed</li> <li>2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-dodecyl-</li> </ul>
	United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Not listed
	United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed Ethyl benzene 2-Ethylhexanoic acid zinc salt
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Zinc oxide Phenol

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -Hazardous substances: Listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)	:	Listed
Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	:	Not listed
Substances		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor	:	Not listed
Chemicals) DEA List II Chemicals (Essential		Not listed
Chemicals)	•	

#### US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

:

not applicable

#### SARA 311/312

Classification

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Epoxy Sulfonamide Resin	>= 10 - <= 25	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Solvent naphtha	>= 10 - <= 25	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
(petroleum), light arom.		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-	>= 5 - <= 10	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY - inhalation - Category 4
Methanone, [2-hydroxy-4-	>= 1 - <= 3	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
(octyloxy)phenyl]phenyl-		
10/40		

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# **ÀVIENT**

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1-Propanol, 2-amino-2- methyl-	>= 1 - <= 3	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-	>= 0.3 - < 1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - oral - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Benzene, ethyl-	> 0 - <= 0.3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### <u>SARA 313</u>

#### Form R - Reporting requirements

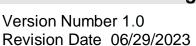
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Product name	CAS number	%
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-	95-63-6	>= 5 - < 10
Cumene	98-82-8	>= 0.1 - < 1
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	>= 0.1 - < 1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations		
Massachusetts	:	The following components are listed:
		Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-
		2-Amino-2-methylpropanol
New York	:	None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	:	The following components are listed:
-		Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer
		Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light arom.
		Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-
		2-Amino-2-methylpropanol
		Ethyl benzene
Pennsylvania	:	The following components are listed:
		Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-
		2-Amino-2-methylpropanol

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#### <u>California Prop. 65</u>

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Cumene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Cumene	-	-
Ethyl benzene	Yes.	-

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are active or exempted.
Canada inventory	:	Not determined.
International regulations Inventory list		
Australia	:	Not determined.
Canada	:	Not determined.
China	:	Not determined.
Eurasian Economic Union	:	Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.
Japan	:	Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
-		Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	:	Not determined.
Philippines	:	Not determined.
Republic of Korea	:	Not determined.
Taiwan	:	Not determined.
Thailand	:	Not determined.
Turkey	:	Not determined.
United States	:	All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	:	Not determined.

## **Section 16. Other information**

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

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The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

<u>mistory</u>		
Date of printing	:	07/18/2023
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	06/29/2023
Date of previous issue	:	00/00/0000
Version	:	1.0
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
-		BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
		GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of
		Chemicals
		IATA = International Air Transport Association
		IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
		IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
		LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
		MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From
		Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine
		pollution)
		UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available.

Notice to reader

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